Middletown Transcript.

VOL. I. MIDDLETOWN, NEW CASTLE COUNTY, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 26, 1868. NO. 39.

E. R. COCHRAN,

DEALER IN

GRAIN, LIME, FERTILIZERS, &c.

Middletown, Delaware.

WILL pay the highest cash prices for all kinds of Grain. Will sell Lime as low as the lowest. Will sell No. 1

PERUVIAN GUANO,

$90 per Ton.

Ellis' Fertilizer,

$56 per Ton.

RHODES' PHOSPHATE,

$50 per Ton.

BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE,

$56 per Ton.

BAUGH'S CHICAGO BONE,

$50 per Ton.

Baugh's Chicago Blood Manure,

$50 per Ton.

SOLE AGENT, at MIDDLETOWN, for the KING of Super Phosphates, viz:—MORO PHILLIPS, GENUINE IMPROVED, The BEST Phosphate for the money in this or any other market. The Price is not reduced, and neither is the quality of the Manure. The retail price is $56 per ton—$6 in a ton of Phosphate is a small item, when we consider that one extra peck of wheat to the acre, at present prices, will more than pay the extra $6, applying the Phosphate at the rate of 200 lbs to the acre. I will guarantee it to make the extra peck of wheat, over any other Phosphate, and also to make a heavier growth of grass after the wheat than any other. It contains more No. 1 Peruvian Guano—less sand and less plaster than some others, therefore has more strength.

That all I have said in favor of Moro Phillips' Phosphate is true, requires only one trial to convince the most sceptical. I would refer persons in doubt to John P. Cochran, Esq. who uses fifty tons each fall, or to Wm. Wood, or Wm. R Cochran, both of whom have given it a fair trial side by side with other Phosphates.

A liberal deduction in price will be made to cash dealers or consumers of large quantities.

Of the Raw Bone Phosphates Baugh's Commercial Manures have proved to be the best in the market, Farmers should use the best, and get their money back with compound interest.

Phosphates delivered free of freight, at any station on the Delaware Rail Road, or at any landing on the Delaware or Chesapeake waters, in quantities of 5 tons or upwards.

A liberal deduction to clubs. Send in your orders early.

August 8, 1868.—3m.

INDEX OFFICE, WARRENTON, VA,

Moro Phillips, August 8th, 1868.

DEAR SIR:—I wrote you last year in regard of your Phosphate, and bought a ton, which I sowed on ten acres of wheat, I also purchased other Fertilizers, and put the same quantity on. I have just thrashed my wheat, and delivered it at the depot. I hauled with a two horse wagon, twenty-four bushels at a load, and the wheat with your Phosphate on it, weighed, (the 24 bushels,) 149 lbs. more than the other. The consequence is, you will sell this fall, a large quantity in this neighborhood, as a great many have come to me for your address. Send me some pamphlets, and I will distribute them for you.

Yours, J. W. FINKS.

TO THE FARMING COMMUNITY.

THE subscriber respectfully calls the attention of the Farmers of New Castle co. Del. and Cecil and Kent counties, Md. to the following list of standard Fertilizers, always kept on hand, and furnished to order, at any station on the Delaware Railroad, or on Chesapeake and Delaware Waters.—Viz:

RHODES' SUPER PHOSPHATE,

Moro Phillips' Super Phosphate,

Whann's Super Phosphate,

Croasdale's Super Phosphate,

HEWES' SUPER PHOSPHATE,

COE'S SUPER PHOSPHATE,

Berger and Butz' Super Phosphate

BAUGH'S SUPER PHOSPHATE,

BAUGH'S CHICAGO BONE,

PERUVIAN GUANO,

PACIFIC GUANO,

RODUNDA GUANO.

E. T. EVANS,

Opposite Depot, Middletown, Del.

July 18—tf

TIMELY HINTS TO ALL.

HOW many have lost a father, mother, brother, sister, or an innocent little prattling child, and have not even a shadow of resemblance to look upon. After the separation some little toy or a trifling article is often kept for years, and cherished as a token of remembrance. How much more esteemed and valuable would be one of HORNING'S Perfect Photographs, of the loved and lost. There is scarcely any one who does not take pleasure in gazing on the features of a friend, and when that friend has been removed by death, we often hear the exclamation with an expression of regret; O! what would I not give for such a picture of my friend.

Readers, perhaps you cannot do a better thing now your mind is upon the subject, then take an hour or two and visit Horning's Gallery, then you may, at some future period, have reason to feel grateful for these gentle hints from

JOHN M. HORNING,

Middletown, Del.

The best memento that you can supply,
Or leave a valued friend when you die,
Is the life-speaking picture taken in health.
Far better than all of earth's fading wealth.

July 11-tf

MIDDLETOWN IRON FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

PLOWS and Plow Castings, Machine Castings of all kinds on hand or made to order.

Particular attention given to Repairing Machinery. Cash for old iron.

WM. L. BUCKE & SON,

April 4-tf Founders and Machinists.

Cedar Shingles, Siding, and Rails,

FOR Sale.—Cedar Shingles, Siding and Rails, of prime quality, for sale, near Taylor's Bridge, Appoquinimink Hundred, New Castle county, Del. Apply to

Aug. 1-3m. ROBERT JOHNSON.

ATTENTION FARMERS.

THOMAS T. ENOS and JAMES M. CHEFFINS, having purchased the exclusive right, for the season, to manufacture and sell

Foster's Phosphate Attachment,

FOR DRILLING FERTILIZERS

in the State of Delaware, and East Maryland, are now prepared to fill orders for this justly celebrated machine. Having been improved by the New Cast Iron Bottom, with thumb screws to regulate it in sowing the desired quantity, it remedies all defects of the last year, and only needs a fair trial to guarrantee success.

Farmers who have drilled their Phosphates by its use, prefer it to *all other Fetrilizer Drills in the market*. It will sow just the quantity you want. It is adjusted so that damp phosphates will not clog it. It is simple and not liable to get out of order. It may be attached to any seed drill ordinarily used. It has been in use only one season, and it speaks for itself.

READ THE FOLLOWING OPINIONS:

Rev. Bishop Scott, says: "I like it, and use it."

David Stewart, M. D. of Port Pen, Del. says: "This drill of Foster's is a God-send to me."

Henry C. Walker, of McDonough, Del. says: "It has proved very satisfactory, it does the work very well, with your improved adjustable bottom, regulated by two thumb screws, you have in my opinion a *perfect machine*."

Stringer L. Tinley, Jr. says: "I would not part with mine for many times the cost of it, provided I could not get one made on the same principle."

R. McKee, of Middletown, Del. says: "It acted admirably, the improvement invented by yourself, makes the arrangement so simple, that the dullest must be convinced of its perfection and complete manner of working."

We also beg leave to refer to the following gentlemen, who are acquainted with the working of the improved Bottom:—Thos. F. Dilworth, Joseph Cleaver, J. J. Janvier, J. R. Williams, S. F. Shallcross, Thos. Cochran, Henry Jones, Joseph Roberts, and Jas. Budd.

We are prepared to put new bottoms to drills sent out last year.

Price of New Attachment $50 00.

Terms cash on delivery.

Please send your orders to Enos and Cheffins, Odessa Del. T. T. ENOS.

J. M. CHEFFINS,

ODESSA, Del. July 18—2m

FARMS!! FARMS!!

FOR SALE. THREE FARMS.

No. 1 A farm situated on the road from Sudlersville to Church Hill, and within two miles of the latter place, containing 160 ACRES, nearly all arable. This farm is well located, being near a public School, a Church, and good Flouring Mill, and is a very desirable property, the land being high and susceptible of the highest improvement, at small expense.

No. 2 Is situated within three miles of Chestertown, and also within three miles of Rolph's wharf, and not more than two miles from Deep Landing, where grain or any other produce can be sent away, either by steamboat or sail vessels, and contains about 200 ACRES, this farm is located on a good county road, and the land is high and of a very superior quality.

No. 3 Is within two and a half miles of Sudlersville, and lying immediately on a public road and contains about 280 ACRES, and would divide to advantage if desirable into two farms.

All three farms have buildings and are now occupied, and being cultivated.

Possession will be given at the end of the year, or sooner if necessary. The terms can be made easy to suit purchasers. Persons wishing to purchase had better apply at once to

LEMUEL ROBERTS,

Near Crumpton, or Sudlersville, Md.

August 8—tf.

Builders, Take Notice!!

FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND feet of WHITE PINE and HEMLOCK TIMBER, For Sale, consisting of 1st, 2d, and 3d COMMON INCH BOARDS. Also, three grades of

WHITE PINE FLOORING.

A large lot of

1½ and 2-Inch Pine Plank.

HEMLOCK JOICE AND STUDDING,

HEMLOCK BILL STUFF,

AND SHEATHING,

HEMLOCK FENCING, (¾ INCH.)

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND NO 1 WHITE PINE SHINGLES.

For Sale by WILLIAM LINDSEY,

Aug. 15—3m. Chesapeake City, Md.

FOR SALE.

75,000 Healthy Peach Trees

EMBRACING all the choice market and family varieties.

Hale's Early,	Red Rareripe,
Troth's Early,	Stump the World,
Early York,	Crawford's Late,
Crawford's Early,	Ward's Late,
Moore's Favorite,	Smock Free,
Mary's Choice,	Crocket White,
Mixon Free,	Vandyke's Favorite,
Reeves' Favorite,	Last of the Season.

Will be ready for planting in the fall of 1868, or Spring of 1869. Apply to

E. R. COCHRAN, or

CHARLES ADAMS.

August 8—6m. Middletown, Del.

Farmers, Your Attention!!

NOTICE that the PENINSULAR MACHINE WORKS have "resumed labor," and particular attention will be given to repairing Pennington & Hussey's Reapers, Horge Rakes, Threshers, and Horse Powers of all kinds. A lot of Superior Reapers on hand. Farmers, look to your intersts, and purchase Reliable Machinery "made at home," where you can have your repairing done promptly and reliably, and at the shortest notice. ☞ All work warranted equal to any offered, J. THOS. BUDD,

July 26-tf Agent.

NEWARK ACADEMY

NEWARK, DELAWARE,

PROF. EDWARD D. PORTER, A. M.

PRINCIPAL.

A first-class Boarding School for

BOYS AND YOUNG MEN.

[Founded in 1749.]

Fall session begins September 2d. For full information send for circular. Aug. 15-3m

A RARE CHANCE.

THE undersigned, being unable to obtain a Dwelling House in this place, for himself and family, offers his entire Stock of Goods, at private sale. The business has been and now is improving. A. W. SPARKS,

August 15—tf. Warwick, Md.

Original Poetry.

For the Middletown Transcript.

ELEGY

On the Death of Miss Abia Williams,

Who was drowned in the Delaware while bathing in company with a young gentleman to whom she was betrothed, in 1814.

BY M. R. L.

Mourn all ye groves, in deep Plutonian green,
Let sighs be heard where joyful songs have been,
Let mournful stock-doves thro' the woods complain
Who never hope to see their mates again,
Whilst hollow winds through piny forests blow
And fall the saddening accents as they flow,
Ye whispering echoes, too, prolong the moan,
Fair Abia's gone, never to return.

Throw off your gay attire ye blooming maids,
With sable crape enwrap you pensive heads,
You lovely frames in doleful mourning dress
And your heart-rending sorrow thus express,
And sigh along the melancholy shore,
Fair Abia's gone, and to return no more.

In days of yore, so wept the Hebrew maids,
For Jeptha's daughter through wild mountain shades,
When she, sweet maid, did all her charms resign,
A sacrifice at superstition's shrine,
Ye beauteous flowers, droop your fragrant heads
And pine and waste and crumble on your beds,
And whilst you fade and languish and decay,
Let Jersey's rivers weep themselve away,
Ye murmuring brooks assist the pensive moan,
Fair Abia's gone, and never to return.

Soft village maids shall never fondly come,
To strew sweet flowers around fair Abia's tomb,
No mournful matrons o'er her grave shall weep,
Fair Abia slumbers in the briny deep,
Gracefully along the plains she lately moved,
By village swains, admired and beloved,
A virgin, innocent, a christian known,
Her virtue with superior lustre shone,
Who knew her best, endure the hardest cross,
With her fond Father, weep his heavy loss,
And in sad accents join the doleful moan,
Fair Abia's gone, and never to return.

Of all the youths that grace the country round
Deamon alone her heart propitious found,
Close by her side the faithful lover stood,
Till parted from her by the fatal flood,
The formidable wave came rolling on,
Parted and threw him to'ards the wished for shore,
But bore fair Abia further in the main,
Sudden she sunk and never rose again,
Full tides of grief now swell young Deamon's breast,
Tortured his mind and robb'd his soul of rest;
He ties about him the sad badge of woe,
And walks with solitary steps and slow
Thro' lonely groves, and vents his fruitless moan,
Fair Abia's gone, and never to return.
So hapless Petrarch wept the early doom
Of lovely Laura, lost in vernal bloom.
Toned the sad harp that soft compassion moves,
And told his sorrow to the silent groves.

CONSOLATION.

From the clear waves behold fair Abia rise!
And soar triumphant to the blissful skies,
Where welcomed by the shining host above,
She drinks the streams of unexhausted love;
Through the blest fields of Paradise she roves,
And breathes the fragrance of celestial groves.
The dazzling splendor of the Eternal Throne
Encompassed with its glorious rainbow zone,
Heaven's awful Majesty in full glory placed,
Displayed to view by smiling Mercy graced,
Her soul approved, with sweet ecstatic bliss
She triumphs in eternal happiness.

Middletown, Delaware, 1816.

Original Articles.

Correspondence of the Middletown Transcript.

NOTES OF TRAVEL.

MR. EDITOR:—To a man of culture and powers of observation, the benefits of travel are of the highest importance. The new phases of thought in politics, in religion, and in all questions of social science, which are presented for the consideration of the traveler, give an expansive, cosmopolitan character to his mind, which renders him the enemy of bigotry, sectionalism, and the petty prejudices and jealousies which provincialism generates. Moreover, travel and association with people of other sections teach us to give up many of the false ideas implanted in our mind by partisan influences, and fostered by those who hesitate not to sacrifice truth to advance their own personal ends. How much better it would be for our country, if the people of the two great sections, the North and South, should intermingle with each other, and by personal association, learn to understand each other's peculiarities, and in a spirit of honor and frankness to deal with each other as fellow-citizens, living under the same flag and united together by common interests? If this were so, where would be the blatant politicians and party zealots who falsify history and distort the truth, to excite variance and animosity between the different sections of our country with the view of deriving profit and position thereby? Like Othello, their avocation would be gone. As Nero fiddled while Rome was burning, so these men look on with complacency while they behold the fires of political strife raging and threatening to destroy the Constitution, and by slanders and misrepresentations they seek to strengthen the cause of military despotism and to overthrow our civil liberties. We repeat, that a cure for all this would be found in inter-communion between the people in the far-separated portions of our land. In this progressive age, it is one of the brightest signs of the times that facilities for travel are becoming so great that all parts of our country will soon be brought into close relationship, and it is to be hoped, that by reciprocal influences, the whole will be made homogeneous, and the divergent forces which are thought to be inevitable in a broad empire, will be effectually neutralized. With this view, let us commend the Pacific Railroad and all such enterprizes as great mediums for uniting the people together in the bonds of amity and awakening a feeling of common interest and fraternal regard. These general observations have grown out of our experience during the summer just past, it having been our fortune, during that season, to indulge in sundry "meanderings" in the South as well as in the North. If the readers of your sprightly journal are gifted with a great amount of patience, they may spare a few minutes, while I give them, in a loose, disjointed way, a few notes of travel.

SOUTHERN FREEDMEN.

The condition of the freedmen in the cities of the South is very melancholy. Idleness and vice, to a great extent, have taken possession of them, and in many cases they wait until the pinchings of want compel them to exert themselves. They have a great aversion to digging and doing the labor of the farm. They prefer to live on such pittances as fall in their way in doing jobs and in peddling vegetables &c. through the streets. In Savannah, hundreds pass through the streets with baskets on their heads, shouting, "crabs going by yees," "tomatoes by yees," &c. There are other articles they procure from the country people, who drive their carts to market, and in retailing them they make a small profit.

The great prevalence of vice and disregard of marital obligation, which is so general among the blacks, render this an inviting field for missionary labor. Indeed, the tendency of the African is to barbarism when left to himself. Why do the leaders of Protestantism make such efforts to christianize and enlighten the Chinese and other foreign nations, when the negroes in our own land have such great need of instruction, that they may be induced to turn away from superstition and vice. Let the theologians bear in mind in connection with this subject the oft-quoted maxim, "Charity begins at home."

The evil influences of the Carpet-baggers—men from all parts of the North, who have gone South for office and gain—has shown itself in the hatred and antagonism which many of the freedmen express toward the whites. They carry arms and, as they say, train themselves for the contest which is to come off, and which will test the question of supremacy between the two races. The fruitful cause of these troubles is the Congressional plan of reconstruction—a plan which contemplated the supremacy of the ignorance and the subordination of the intelligence of the South. As well try to establish a pyramid on its apex as to try to found a government of any stability according to such a theory. The schoolboys of our country could exhibit greater statesmanship than was displayed by the present blundering Congress in dealing with the South. If there be reasons for having a white man's government in the North, then are there ten-fold greater ones for establishing such a government in the South, where the negroes are so inferior to the same class in the North. The question is such a plain one that it needs no argumentation to prove it.

It is exceedingly unfortunate that things should be in such an unsettled state in this section. Whites as well as blacks seem to be looking for something to turn up. Men who have capital are afraid to invest it, men are discouraged from making active attempts at accumulation. Stagnation prevails in many regions where there ought to be energy and enterprise to build up the waste places of the South.

Friendly legislation on the part of Congress, and the domination of conservatism in the country, would be the means of amending the present unhappy state of affairs.

AN OCEAN VOYAGE.

The trip from Savannah down the river to the ocean was very agreeable. The passengers amused themselves in making remarks on the different craft that ply in these waters, and, with a great show of wisdom, giving their ideas of the running of a steamer. Ladies, gentlemen, and everybody were on board enjoying the bright scene which presented itself. But now we are approaching the ocean, the waves begin to dash high, and some of the weaker ones show premonitory symptoms of sea-sickness. The merry laughter has abated, but many with a great show of determination "keep a stiff upper lip." My friend Brown protests that he never gets sea-sick. Boast not thyself, O *superbus vir*, I exclaimed to him. Let him that thinketh he standeth, take heed &c. The vessel tosses and creaks, and one by one the passengers seek their cabins, saying, with a smile, that they prefer a recumbent position. Soon, sounds are heard, more startling than elegant, followed by groans and exclamations. In how short a time many cascades commenced simultaneous operations! Who can describe the nausea and misery that attack the poor victim of sea-sickness? The stewardess comes to minister to me, for I have succumbed like the rest, and by way of comfort, tells me that no one ever died of this ailment. I call her one of Job's comforters and almost wish there were a speedy quietus for the miserable life I have to endure.

A North-east storm prevails, and, as the vessel rocks from side to side, I have to hold tightly to the side of my bunk to save myself from being tossed out. The inevitable nausea returns from time to time, and I agonizingly cry out, how long! O how long! I am wondering at the stoutness and endurance of Brown, when the door of my cabin opens and I behold the rueful countenance of my friend. I look inquiringly at him. He quickly exclaims, "I am not seasick! but I am *really* very unwell." I readily see through the picture he has devised, but I have not even the nerve to dispute with a man—one who has not a tithe of the sharpness of a woman's tongue.

After two days of sickness the invalids have generally recovered, and they meet again and express their joy at being able to come on deck again. We amuse ourselves in watching the lines that are thrown out behind the vessel for catching king fish and blue fish. Mother Cary's chickens (the Stormy Petrel) hover about the vessel. This bird is about the size of a robin, and it always follows in the wake of vessels to gather up the bread that may fall overboard. When about to take a gun one day to get a shot at a flock of these birds, the captain told me the superstitious sailors couldn't tolerate the killing of them. They believe that ill luck would befall the voyage, if any such thing should occur. Finally, to our great joy, we reach New York Bay, where we were inspected by a quarantine officer. In a short while the vessel moves to the pier, and we rejoice to tread on dry land.

After reaching our hotel, I propose to Brown that we shall take a sociable sherry cobler together and wash away the remembrances of our melancholy voyage. We thrust our straws into the tempting beverage and receive it as grateful medicine for our weakened stomachs. The hotel tosses and reels under our feet for we still feel the rolling of the vessel.

It was our intention to describe our trip up the Hudson and our experience at Saratoga, but we defer any further account of our travels to some future time, cherishing the hope that our hasty jottings will afford some entertainment to your readers.

Truly Yours, WENNAM.

The Compliments of Lucius to Qui Vive.

For the Middletown Transcript.

DEAR EDITOR:—Again we are seated to resume the contemplation of Qui Vive's letter, the part that especially claims our attention. Perhaps it would have been better to have treated it in that particular quiet mode often mentioned, but some thought otherwise. We are not at all offended at any thing your correspondent has said, for we make all due allowances; as we have before stated that it shows the woman all the way through, and we know the propensity of some of that noble, yet weaker sex, of taking exceptions to any thing that might be honestly and truthfully said by the men. The *some* to whom we refer may be classed as those that have dazzled amid the splendors of life's youthful day-dreams and realities, seen the aged and young bow, played with honest hearts as with toys, laughed at earnest protestations, and with a *practiced* and emphatic "no," destroyed the last lingering hope in the breast of true men, but whose doubtful ages, wrinkled faces, and excitable natures, have caused them to look with suspicion on anything said by the opposite sex, concerning that of their own. However, we don't say that Miss Qui Vive belongs to that class, but declare from reading her letter that the indications are strong towards that conclusion.

She asks, where is it that drunkenness is not frowned upon? We hope it is not in Middletown, yet she declares that if "any of our citizens in the hour of temptation yield to the tempter, they seek the glass in the midst of their friends." Well this is strange: either their friends do not frown upon the use of that peculiar ardent, to such an extent that will cause drunkenness to be odious, or they adopt the plan that some temperance men take, of helping to drink all the "stuff," that by so doing they may stop drunkeness. But they seek the "glass in the midst of their friends," they not only do not desist if their friends should suddenly come upon them, but they seek their company. Surely if their friends are solicitous for their reformation that would be the time they should use their persuasive powers to induce them to desist; either their monitions are not heeded or the drinker with a defiant air is not moved by their entreaties. A man possesses a hardened heart that will commit sin in the presence of those he loves. If he has lost all that respect for age, sex and position, as to drink in their presence, his position, we fear, is beyond the reach of the winning entreaties of Good Templarism. We pity him who has become a slave to the "dark beverage of hell," but we scorn him who willingly becomes a vassal. We pity the drunkard, but we scorn him who with open eyes woos the monster, then embraces, yields up manhood, talents, love and the happiness of innocence to the accursed cup. If we pity aught, we ought to try to make the drunkard ashamed of his course, and persuade him to resist temptation. Surely it is but a small thing to boast of that commodity that whirls the brain, that develops the worst passions of the human breast, and plots the most wicked schemes known in the catalogue of crimes. She asks "where has Odessa such a Good Templar's institution?" We answer in the very midst of the people, said society numbering some sixty working members. If your fair correspondent wishes to be satisfied on this point, she can have an ocular proof, by presenting herself at the door of the St. Paul's M. E. Church, of this town, on Wednesday evening of every week. Come and see, Miss Qui Vive.

We are rejoiced to know that *you* are glad, "glad that the ladies of Odessa have made a raise and got new bonnets instead of hats." We imagine we are sitting near her authorship and see playing upon her countenance the first smile since she read "that lengthy article from Lucius." But it is written, "we are very glad;" the smile has come, beautiful and bright it is—but it is gone—the short-lived little creature is numbered with the past, and the contracted muscles relax, and we view again the same stolid, stern countenance, and she writes about the "library," "dust," and the torturing agonizing mind of our librarian, to keep back in his brain the knowledge of the "fixed and settled condition" of each volume. Why! bless me, she is wandering in her mind. Can it be she is visiting the ruins of some of the ancient cities in her imagination, and beholds there stowed far back into those recesses, the lore of bygone days? Remember, Miss Qui Vive, you are in Middletown; don't allow yourself to wander back into the labyrinths of the past, or you will lose your equilibrium.

We have more than once called the donors of our library blessed. We bless the thought that conceived such a gift; we invoke upon their heads the blessing of heaven as oft as we look over the titles of the works they have placed in our library, as often as we drink in the ideas those volumes contain, as often as we garner from their rich leaves the knowledge of the past, the beautiful realities of the present, and the hopes of the future. How could that youth but bless the munificence of the giver of the Corbit Library, when he reads from those volumes which moulds his character for good, that feeds his appetite for the real, the beautiful and the sublime, in art and nature?

We are obliged to you, Miss Qui Vive, for your closing remembrance that "self-praise is half scandal." We will treasure it up in our memories as a jewel, and when we sit down to write the Editor of the Transcript anything about Odessa, we will listen for your "still small voice." In the "wee sma' hours" we will listen, and if there are whisperings in our ears, we will say, Miss Qui Vive warns me, her presence is near.

We close by sincerely wishing you, Miss Qui Vive, good bye, with a hope that the good people of Middletown may foster and cherish thy labors in their behalf, and that thy pen may be an instrument of good, and thy advice be treasured by them, as well, Mr. Editor, as by your humble servant, LUCIUS.

Wit and Humor.

A Doctor was very much annoyed by an old lady who always stopped him on the street to tell him over her ailments. Once she met him when he was in a great hurry.

"Ah! I see you are quite feeble," said the doctor. "Shut your eyes and show me your tongue."

She obeyed, and the doctor, moving off, left her standing there for some time in this ridiculous position, to the infinite amusement of all who witnessed the funny scene.

SHAMEFUL.—A very bashful young man escorted an equally bashful young woman home. As they approached the dwelling of the damsel, she said, entreatingly, "Jeh'e', now don't you tell nobody you beaued me home." "Sary!" said he emphatically, "don't you be afeared of that; I'm jest as much ashamed of it as you are."

An ill-natured woman at Saratoga says: "Some women dress to please each other; some to please men—or rather one man, for, as a general thing they despise the generality of men's opinions on millinery; but the most dressy women don't dress to please anybody—they dress to worry women."

A parsimonious sea-captain, answering the complaints of his men that the bread was bad, exclaimed, "What! complain of your bread that is made from flour? What do you think of the Apostles? They ate "shew bread," made from old boots and shoes."

The clerk of a cockney church recently made the following announcement to the congregation: "You are desired to attend a meeting in the vestry, at four o'clock, to consider on the best means of 'eating the church, and to digest other matters."

A clergyman lecturing to his female parishoners, said:—"Be not proud that our Lord paid your sex the distinguished honor of appearing first to a female after the resurrection, for it was only done that the glorious news might spread the sooner."

GOING ON.—Seeing a great crowd gathered in the street, a gentleman, meeting a boy, said to him, "Is there anything going on?" "Yes, sir," said the boy. "There's two things goin' on—you're goin' on and I'm goin' on."

A wag the other day asked his friend, —"How many knaves do you suppose live in this street besides yourself." "Besides myself!" replied the other; "do you mean to insult me?" "Well, then," said the first, "how many do you reckon including yourself?"

A young lady having asked a gentleman why he didn't secure some fond one's company in his voyage across the ocean of life, replied that he would do so were he certain that said ocean would be *Pacific*.

Goldsmith must have been thinking of the "Grecian bend" when he wrote: "When lovely woman stoops to folly."

Agricultural Department.

PROPAGATING NEW STRAWBERRIES.—Dr. Seth Boyden, so well known as a successful grower of some remarkable varieties of strawberries, sends us the following: "The strawberry plant is subject to many variations from external causes, which should be avoided when the highest success is desired. The best varieties will retrograde if they are neglected and choked with weeds, or grown too thick, or in sterile soil, and will become an inferior variety, requiring years of good cultivation to restore them to their original condition. For a new sitting the best plants should be selected from healthy parents, with large runners, and carefully handled. An injury to the plant is an injury to the future crops. If the roots are broken or tangled the plant will never fully recover. The young plants should be set as soon as they have roots sufficient to sustain themselves, and not want for water before they have become firm in their place. New land, or soil not much worn, is preferred, and should be trenched a foot deep under the rows and a layer of manure put on the subsoil or bottom of the trench. If the soil is heavy and liable to dry hard, a small quantity of fine manure should be added and well mixed before the trench is filled. The roots should not come in contact with much strong manure, but after the plants have become firm they may be liberally top dressed."

KEEPING POULTRY IN ORCHARDS.—Some farmers make it a practice to keep their poultry in their orchards from early in the spring until cold weather sets in. A picket fence should be built around the orchard high enough to prevent their flying over, with a suitable house, or shed, in one corner of the yard to shelter them at night. Thus situated, the poultry will thrive and prosper, keeping themselves in good condition, and the increase in eggs will be greatly augumented and their usefulness and value enchanced to their owner at least, on account of the thousand myraids of insects, which they naturally destroy.

The immense number of insects and worms that are injurious to trees and fruit which fowls will destroy, when kept within an inclosure in this way, will more than repay the cost and labor of building the fence. By keeping them inclosed in an orchard, and the continual scratching which is done by them will prove advantageous, both to the soil and trees themselves.

We do not offer these suggestions as being practicable in all cases; but it has proven itself profitable to confine fowls in the manner as above stated.

CURRANT TREES.—Having noticed that currant bushes may as well be made trees as shrubs, I conclude to tell you how I hoveseen it done. In the spring of 1831 my father commenced a garden, and, among other things, set cuttings for currant bushes. I determined to experiment on one of those cuttings, and as soon as it grew I pinched off all the leaves except the top tuft, which I let grow. The cutting was about fourteen inches long, and during the summer the sprout from this grew ten inches. The next spring I pinched off all the leaves to about half way up the first year's growth; so as to leave the lowest limbs two feet from the ground. It branched well and became a handsome little dwarf tree. When it came to bear fruit it was more productive than any other bush in the the garden, and the fruit larger. It was less infested with spiders and other insects, hens could not pick off the fruit, and grass and weeds were more easily kept from the roots, and it was an ornament, instead of a blemish. Now I would propose that currant cuttings be set in rows about four or five feet apart each way (let them be long and straight) and trained into trees.

THE VALUE OF SOILING.—Soiling, or the growing and cutting of green crops for feeding stock, is a thing that no farmer can afford to neglect, as by adopting this method any farmer may be able to keep more stock, and in better condition, without so much injury to the land as in the old way. The crop usually relied on for this purpose, is sowed corn, which should be ready for use as early as the first of August, as pasturage then becomes dry and less abundant, and cows will shrink in their milk, unless the supply of succulent food is kept up. Now, it is the practice with many farmers to feed immediately after cutting the corn; but experience has taught the writer that if the corn is allowed to wilt for a few hours after cutting, before it is fed out, cows will thrive better, and give a better quality of milk.

You can keep a score of hens and rear chickens from them on five hundred square yards. If it is not all grass, you will have to supply them with green food. They must have green food and dust.

A correspondent of the New York World says that England is now paying from £10 to £12 per cwt for hops—equal to 70 or 80 cents per pound in our currency.

A correspondent of the Journal of Agriculture says that sweet oil administered to a horse with the bots, will effect a cure.

He that by the plow would thrive, himself must either hold or drive.

The Middletown Transcript.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 26, 1868.

FOR PRESIDENT,

HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEN. FRANCIS P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

FOR DEMOCRATIC ELECTORS.

ANDREW C. GRAY, of New Castle.
JAMES P. WILD, of Kent.
WILLIAM A. SCRIBNER, of Sussex.

FOR CONGRESS.

Maj. BENJAMIN T. BIGGS.

FOR SHERIFF,

JACOB RICHARDSON,

FOR CORONER.

LAWRENCE PENDEGRASS.

SACRILEGE.—A horrid profanation of the sanctity of religious rites and ceremonies, is going on daily, in that modern Sodom, New York. William Allen "the wickedest man in New York," is said to have turned his dirty, low brothel and dance-house into a place of prayer, *for gain*. And on Monday last, another dirty stew, known as Kit Burns' dog-pit, was opened as a place of prayer, for which Burns is to get $200 per month. The entrance to this delectable spot is adorned with pictures of English and American duffers, such as Ben Caunt, Deaf Burke, Tom Ward, Heenan and Sayers. Into this hole, men and women, professed followers of the meek and lowly Nazarene, enter daily, to render homage to the dread Majesty of the universe. The ostensible purpose of this arrangement, we suppose, is to extend religious influences among the abandoned wretches who frequent these doggeries; but if this is not "casting pearls before swine," we know not what is. The bar of the establishment has to remain closed about two hours, while the prayers are going on. The *Express* says. —"Waiting in the bar for their usual 'eye-openers," which to the credit of Mr. Burns were not served out until the prayer meeting was over, were several thirsty individuals, who got up a burlesque of the religious meeting and "chaffed" Kit on his so-called "relig."

The *Herald* of yesterday says:—The dog pit revival at Kit Burns' den was continued yesterday with no more than the usual success, Kit himself remaining obdurate and the congregation generally wearing too respectable an appearance to be classed among the new issue of Christians. Johnny Allen was present at his old dance-house, and expressed himself as sorry that he had ever persuaded any of his women to attend the meetings, as they were taunted and shown up as the worst of women by the preachers until they were shamed from repentance.

THE FRUITS OF RECONSTRUCTION.—In another column we give the details of a bloody riot at Camilla, Georgia, on Saturday last, between the white and black adherents of the two political parties. It is difficult, at this distance from the occurrence, to fix the responsibility where it properly belongs; but there is no difficulty in understanding that upon Congress and its reconstruction measures, rests the entire responsibility of this and all similar outbreaks, which are creating such a sad record in the South. The evil effects of the radical reconstruction scheme are only beginning to manifest themselves, and until it is repealed it will work naught but injury to the whole country—north as well as south.

A Washington letter says the news of bloodshed and riot through the South is producing decided alarm in official circles, and Gen. Meade was summoned to-day, (the 24th) before the President and Secretary of War for consultation as to what precautionary steps should be taken to prevent the Southern States from becoming involved in a general war. The beauties of Congressional reconstruction are being dimmed by this exhibition on the part of the freedmen to force a state of hostilities, which must result in fearful crimes, and an indiscriminate slaughter, without regard to age, sex or condition. The Government authorities are fully alive to the threatening danger, and Gen. M. has received instructions to institute a thorough investigation of the Georgia riot.

A telegraphic despatch was also sent to New Orleans directing a close investigation of the riots in that city yesterday and the arrest of all the guilty parties. The Southern *Provinces* are indeed becoming a source of vast and increasing trouble to the great *centralized* Government at Washington. The Proconsuls will have to be reinstated in full power or anarchy must prevail, in spite of Gen. Grant's great speech, "Let us have peace."

In the 4th Congressional District of Maryland, Patrick Hammil, of Allegany county, was nominated, on Tuesday, on the 143d ballot. The convention met at Frederick.

Our naturalized citizens, both Celts and Teutons, should remember that Schuyler Colfax, the Republican Candidate for Vice President, was a member of the oath-bound order of Know Nothings, and took the proscriptive oath of that organization.

The State Elections.

The State elections now to come off, are Nebraska, October 6; Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, Oct. 13; West Virginia, October 22. All the States vote for Presidential Electors on the 3d of November, except Virginia, Mississippi and Texas, which have been denied the privilege heretofore exercised by every State in the Union, by that usurping, revolutionary cabal, known as Congress. These elections will indicate the result of the Presidential contest in November, and are looked to with more than the usual interest by both parties. They will determine whether the country is to be still further cursed by the predominance of Radicalism, or whether it is to be redeemed and delivered from under its ban, and restored to its primordial condition under the Constitution, as it was transmitted to us by the fathers.

The trial of John H. Surratt for conspiracy to abduct President Lincoln, commenced at Washington, on Monday. A *nolle prosequi* was entered on the charge of murder. The plea of his counsel, based upon the amnesty proclamation, was overruled.

The penalty for the offence charged is confinement in penitentiary for ten years, or a fine of $10,000.

END OF THE SURRATT CASE.—The indictment against John H. Surratt, for conspiracy to murder President Lincoln, having been quashed, the trial on the new charge of conspiring to kidnap the President, &c. has terminated in the discharge of the prisoner, his counsel having pleaded the statute of limitations, which, after argument, was allowed by the court.

THE WILMINGTON PAPERS.—TILT EDITORIAL.—The *Journal and Statesman*, of Tuesday last, deals some pretty heavy blows upon the ribs of the *Republican*, which paper had indulged in some animadversions upon the reception, by the former paper, of some twenty-eight new democratic subscribers from Middletown. It is a very pretty fight. The *Republican* seems to have suffered somewhat in the mill, thus far; but may be able to "get home" upon its antagonist, after awhile. We shall see. Meantime, let the *Gazette* and the *Commercial* see fair play, and don't throw up the sponge until the peccant party cries *peccavi*.

A writer in the *Delaware Gazette* suggests that Major Biggs shall challenge Gen. Torbert to a joint discussion of the issues involved in the present campaign. We make no doubt that their respective party friends would like to hear them, and we think there is as little doubt that the Major would put the General *hors de combat*.

Gen. McClellan, with his wife and two children, sailed from Liverpool on Saturday last, in the Cunard steamer Cuba, for New York. The corporate authorities of that city have determined to give him a grand reception on his arrival. He may be expected on Tuesday or Wednesday next.

A very interesting article on the Curculio, will be published in our next issue. It is from that excellent journal, the *American Entomologist*, published at St. Louis, Mo.

DEMOCRATIC CLUB.—The Del. *Journal and Statesman* of Tuesday says:—The Democrats of this city have lately formed an organization called the "Diamond State Club," and have elected the following officers for the ensuing year:—President, Ignatius C. Grubb, Esq.; Vice Presidents, Messrs. Howard O. Moore, Thomas E. Young, Jr. John Glatts, Edward Grieves and Samuel Springer; Corresponding Secretary, Willim S. Frist; Recording Secretary, Joseph P. Watson; Treasurer, William Hanna. The club is to be a permanent organization and always equipped and ready for active service at the outset of each successive campaign. It has already selected a very handsome uniform, and its roll of membership is rapidly increasing with the constant addition of the scores of active Democrats who throng the headquartes in the Saville Building. It is designed to have similar co-operative clubs formed at once in the various Hundreds, thus creating a united powerful and extensive political organization in the Diamond State.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Mr. Wm. Graves, a well known citizen of Wilmington while in conversation with Mr. Washington Coxe, near the corner of fifth and Market streets, on Saturday evening, was attacked with an affection of the heart and fell to the pavement. He was taken into a saloon near by, and Drs. Porter and Johnson sent for, but he expired soon after their arrival. His body was taken to his late residence, No. 422 East 4th street. Mr. G. was about fifty-four years of age, and had been complaining of being unwell for several days. He was a master carpenter and had several contracts in course of completion, among which was the Town Hall at Middletown. His funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon. He was buried with Masonic honors, the fraternity and a large number of citizens following his remains to their last resting place in Wilmington and Brandywine Cemetry.

An explosion in the oil refinery of Richards & Verplanck, Jersey City, on Tuesday, killed two men and seriously injured two others, besides destroying 750 barrels of oil.

The cotton crop in Egypt this year is said to be enormous.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

The fine brick mansion belonging to the estate of the late Stephen H. Foard, situated on the Elk river, Sassafras Neck, Cecil county, Md. took fire about noon, on the 18th inst. and was entirely consumed. About half the furniture was saved, together with the plate and some other valuables belonging to the family. A small sum of money was overlooked and consumed with the building. The property was insured for $3,500 in the Mutual Insurance Company of Cecil county. The fire commenced in the kitchen, and is supposed to have occurred through some defect in the chimney.

A flock of 1,250 sheep was driven through Middletown on Wednesday. They were from Ohio, and have been driven all the way, starting on the 5th of August, having been forty-nine days on the route. They were in charge of two men, with a shepherd's dog. The dog is invaluable in such service. The average distance, per day, is ten miles. Sometimes they exceed that number, with good roads and good weather. They were destined for the neighborhood of Beaver Dams, in Queen Anne's county, Md. and were for sale among the farmers in that region.

Banking House of John McLear & Son, No. 607 Market street, Wilmington, Del. They buy and sell all classes of Government, State and Municipal Securities, at current market rates, and have on hand, for immediate delivery, 5.20s, Union Pacific, Wilmington and Reading, and Delaware State Bonds. They offer for sale 200 shares of Delaware Rail Road Stock. Promissory notes and mortgages negotiated. Interest allowed on deposits, subject to check at sight.

The Republicans of this town, rigged their halyards and run up the Stars and Stripes, on their flag-staff, on Tuesday last. No speech was made on the occasion, but a gentleman mounted a goods box and went through the motions, leaving the spectators to imagine what might have been said. On Wednesday evening a Democratic pole was raised at Johnson's. Several speakers were announced, but the rain prevented a full attendance.

At the Agricultural Fair at Wilmington, last week, the second premium was awarded to Mr. Thomas Cochran's bay horse, Hop, for speed in trotting, in the match on Friday, six mile heats. On Saturday, the match was between George G. Lobdell's stallion, Osceola, and Mr. Cochran's hoose, Hop. The first heat was won by Hop, in 2.46; the second by Osceola, in 2.41; the third and fourth, in 2.45¾, and 2.43¾.

A STRIKE.—The hod-carriers engaged upon the Town Hall, seven in number, struck for higher wages, on Monday week. The contractors at once rigged up a block and tackle, attached a horse to the rope, and with the assistance of a little boy to drive, and two or three laborers, ran up the brick and mortar with great facility, thereby dispensing with the services of the hod-carriers.

TROTTING MATCH.—A match is to come off over the Point Breeze course, Philadelphia, on the 14th of October, between Mr. Samuel Brady's sorrel filly, and Mr. Thomas Cochran's bay horse, Hop, for a stake of $500 a side. This will probably be one of the most sharply contested races of the season. Both are crack nags, and will be put fully up to their work.

THE TOWN HALL.—The brick work of this noble edifice approaches completion. The contractors expect to finish it on Wednesday or Thursday next. Our fellow townsman, Mr. Samuel W. Roberts, who is to put on the roof, is anxious to commence the work. Handling galvanized iron will be cold work for the fingers, if deferred to a later period.

The Democrats of St. George's Hundred met at Odessa, on Saturday last, and nominated the following ticket:

For Assessor—L. R. Davis.
For Inspector—Thomas F. Dilworth.
For Road Com'r.—Martin E. Walker.

WEATHER-WISE.—A savant of Middletown, skilled in weather-lore, informs us that, the wind having prevailed from the south-east and south-west, during the equinox, we may anticipate a moderate winter.

The Middletown Post Office will be made a money-order office, on and after the 5th of October.

EUROPEAN TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.—Mr. Reverdy Johnson was presented to Queen Victoria at Windsor Castle on the day after her return from Paris. The *Pall Mall Gazette*, discussing the prospects of peace and war, says that in every capital in Europe the belief that a great and immediate war is pending grows day by day, and that those best informed expect it to break out before the end of the year. The great earthquake in South America caused much sensation in London, and there was considerable anxiety to obtain details as to the loss of property, &c. The French Emperor is on a visit to another of the encampments of his army. The International Congress of Workingmen at Brussels, has adjourned. One of the resolutions recommend all workingmen to abstain from following their trades in the event of a war in their respective countries. What they are to do for a living is not explained.

An insurrection is reported to have broken out in Andalusia, Spain. The journals there have reports that a general movement against the Queen has commenced in Spain, and that it is headed by Gen. Prim and by the Generals who were recently exiled. Some accounts say that the rebles are moving upon Madrid in force.

Congress assembled on Monday and after some discussion adjourned until the 16th of October.

The Lieutenant Beecher killed by the Indians is said to be a son of Henry Ward Beecher.

Terrible Riot in Georgia.

A terrible riot occurred at Camilla, in Mitchell county, Ga. on Saturday last, in which, according to the exaggerated accounts at first received, seventy-five or a hundred men were killed and wounded. Later accounts say there were seven killed and thirty wounded. We give below the different versions of the affair, together with the sworn statement of the Sheriff of Mitchell county.

AUGUSTA, Ga. September 21.—A fearful riot occurred at Camilla, the county seat of Mitchell county, Georgia, last Saturday. The following particulars have been telegraphed from Bainbridge, twenty-four miles from the scene of the riot:—Pierce the Radical nominee for Congress, and Murphy, an ex-Bureau agent, with about two hundred negroes, armed and equipped, started on Friday for Camilla with three weeks' provisions and boxes of new arms and accoutrements, their intention being to over-awe the citizens and kill the leading democrats of the town and vicinity. Before starting a friendly negro exposed their plans, and a negro courier was despatched to Camilla to inform the citizens what was going on. A deputation of three prominent citizens met the mob at China Church, about five miles from the town, and the Governor's proclamation for disarming and forbidding armed organizations was read. The mob paid no attention to this but determined to march on the town and kill such persons as they chose. Twice more the deputation remonstrated, entreating the negroes to come in without arms and they should not be molested. These efforts were fruitless and the mob marched into the town with banners flying and drums beating, numbering nearly four hundred, numbers having joined on the route. The mob halted and clamored for the blood of a man named Johns, who in company with Dr. Twitty, presented himself, when a hundred guns were levelled at them. The former, being intoxicated, fired, when the riot commenced, the mob firing at every one they could see. The citizens, white and colored, rallied, gathering about fifty stand of arms. The mob was vigorously attacked and driven back, beating a hasty retreat which spread into a panic. The negroes were pursued five miles, losing thirty-five killed and many wounded, the total loss as far as ascertained being from seventy-five to one hundred in killed and wounded. Owing to the panic among the mob only five whites were severely wounded. The colored citizens of the town are reported to have rallied promptly with the whites in defeating the mob. Their stores and munitions were captured, amounting to three weeks' provisions and several boxes of arms. At last accounts Camilla was quiet.

RADICAL ACCOUNT.—Atlanta, Sept. 21. —On Saturday last; Col. Pierce, Republican candidate for Congress from the 2d district, and Capt. Murphy, Republican Presidential Elector, went to Camilla, to speak at a public meeting which had been previously announced. When near town they were met by a Rebel, mounted and armed, who warned them not to go into the town. They went on, and were soon met by the Sheriff of the county, who informed them that the people would not allow a Radical to speak in Camilla. They persisted, however, and on reaching the Court House, they and their friends were assaulted by a mob. Col. Pierce is dangerously shot, Capt. Murphy is badly hurt, and many more of the Republicans were killed and wounded. A large majority of the Republicans were colored men, who, obedient to Gov. Bullock's proclamation of the 14th inst. had left their arms at home. They were of course beaten and shot down by the Seymour Democracy, almost without any resistance. Official reports place the number of killed and wounded at fifty. Among the victims are a colored woman and her infant. These outrages are being perpetrated all over the State.

STATEMENT OF THE SHERIFF.—The following is a statement of the Sheriff of Mitchell county, sworn to by himself and other prominent citizens. It is addressed to members of the Legislature: "On Saturday, the 19th inst. it was made known to the citizens that John Murphy, of Albany, Ga. had issued a circular and secretly circulated the same among the colored men of the county, ordering them to bring their arms with them to the political meeting advertised for that day at this place. The information was corroborated by statements made by Robert Cochran, Sr. Thomas Jones, and others, who came from the road in the direction of Albany, stating that armed negroes were assembling in large numbers at China Grove Church, waiting for the delegation from Albany, headed by said Murphy and Pearce, candidates for Congress, who were to be speakers for the occasion. At the request of the citizens, M. J. Poor, sheriff, with a committee of sixty other citizens, went out to meet said procession and to protest against armed negroes being marched in procession in our town, and to state to them distinctly that if they would put down their arms no objections would be made to their entering the town and holding their political meeting." The sheriff delivered this message to Murphy and Pearce, leaders of the procession, and they replied "that they had nothing to do with these armed men; the guns belonged to them and they were in the habit of carrying them wherever they went." The sheriff replied "that as a peace officer it was his duty, under the law, to forbid the assemblage of armed men at political meetings, and assured them that if they entered the town with their music and banners, followed by armed men as they then were, that there would be a breach of the peace, and that he would not be responsible for the consequences." Shortly afterwards the column moved into town in regular order, headed by Pearce, candidate for Congress, and one Putney, white, in a buggy armed with a double-barrelled shot gun, a Spencer rifle and two pistols, with a quantity of ammunition, as was afterwards ascertained; next a four horse wagon, containing a band and a number of armed negroes, next followed a column of negro men on foot, between 300 and 400 strong, attended by about twenty mounted outsiders. At least one-half, if not two-thirds, were armed with guns, and most of them with pistols. The music was playing, and the crowd noisy and threatening in their conduct—Murphy and one Joiner, negro, in a buggy in the rear. As the head of the column approached the square, one of our citizens, James Johns, who was intoxicated, approached within a few feet of the column and ordered the music to stop, which was not done. The column moved on, and when about twenty steps from him, his gun was fired, whether intentionally or not it is not known, but it was pointed in a different direction, and the shot struck the ground about twelve feet from him. The column fired a volley, some of the shots at Johns, but most of them in the direction of Maples's store, thirty or forty steps from the column, at which place there was a number of our citizens, all unarmed, wounding six of our citizens. Immediately about twenty of our citizens sprang to their arms, and fired into the column, by which two negroes were killed and an unknown number wounded. The negroes immediately broke into a thick cluster of timber, one hundred yards north of the Court-house.

At this point there was an attempt made by Pearce to rally his routed forces. Our citizens immediately, to the number of about thirty—a part of them mounted—made a charge, and completely routed the whole party. Pearce flying through the woods and fields, and Murphy and Joiner escaping in a buggy up the road, towards Albany. Seven negroes were killed, from the best information we have been able to procure. Between thirty and forty were wounded, all of whom have been properly cared for. It is a source of deep regret that the calamitous consequences of this affair fell exclusively upon the poor deluded negroes, led on by wicked white men—Murphy, Pearce, and Putney—who made good their escape in the hour of danger with but little injury to themselves. This sad result is to be attributed more to the sharpness and shrewdness of these gallant leaders, who succeeded in effecting their escape, than to the want of peaceable intention on the part of our people. We hereby disavow any purpose or intent on the part of ourselves or our citizens to violate the laws or peace of the State in what was done. We were willing and so expressed ourselves to these leaders, for them to hold their political meeting at the courthouse in our town, if the negroes were disarmed, but we did think, and still think, that it was our duty to obey the order of the sheriff, as a civil officer of this State, in breaking up this unlawful assemblage. We felt that as their numbers vastly exceeded that of our citizens present, that if this meeting had taken place the lives of our wives and children would have been at the mercy of an infuriated mob. While the consequences are to be regretted, and we do not boast of what was done by our citizens, we feel that they have but discharged a painful duty imposed upon them by wicked and corrupt men now engaged in leading estray, into acts of lawlessness, the colored people of our country."

THE DISTURBANCES IN THE SOUTH.—The frequent riots and disturbances in the South of late are not without significance. They form a part of the Radical programme by which it is hoped to carry the Presidential election. In every instance these riots have been inaugurated by armed negroes, led by white Radicals. In every instance the Southern people, knowing the object of these men, have borne insult and wrong, rather than afford them the opportunity they sought for, and it has only been when their lives and property have been threatened by Radical mobs that the people have risen in self-defence. Knowing these facts, knowing how blood is recklessly spilled and property destroyed by direction of the Radical leaders, what a bitter mockery is their campaign cry—"Let us have Peace!"—*Balt. Gazette*.

THE NEEDLE GUN.—Two new improvements in the famous needle gun (zundnadel gewehr,) is is stated, have recently been submitted to the Prussian War Office for approval. One, which is the invention of Lieutenant Random, gets rid of two movements in loading, and increases the rapidity of fire about twenty-five per cent. The other, which is due to a country gentleman named Borst, also gets rid of some of the movements, and nearly doubles the rapidity of fire, raising it to fourteen or fifteen shots per minute. The latter invention, it is stated, moreover, fills up the hollow chamber behind the charge, diminishes the escape of gas, and increases the force of the explosion.

The Sussex Journal, published at Georgetown, Delaware, and heretofore a neutral paper, has hoisted the Democratic flag, and come out for Seymour It adopts this course, it says, because it honestly believes the cause of the Democratic party to be the cause of truth, justice, and constitutional government. It says:

"This is no common election. The like we may never see again. It is the struggle of a half fettered people for freedom, a contest between the white and black races, and believing, as we do, that these issues are involved, we boldly stand with our race and advocate the cause of the Democratic party, if by it we rise or fall."

ATTEMPT TO POISON A WHOLE FAMILY. —A villainous attempt was made on Thursday or Friday of last week to poison the family of Mr. Hoffecker, residing on the Shipyard farm below Rees' Corner. Mr H. had bought the poison to exterminate rats and left it on the clock; a hired negro girl was anxious to attend the Festival at Wesley Chapel, and not being permitted to do so, she sought revenge by putting the poison into the coffee of the family. Dr. T. S. Hoiton was immediately summoned, and the murderous design fortunately frustrated. It is supposed that the dose was too powerful. The case will doubtless go to the Grand Jury.—*Kent News*.

The Paris press represents the insurrection in Spain as less formidable than first reported, and states that the Spanish Government is taking active measures for its suppression.

Political Items.

KENT COUNTY DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION —The Democrats of Kent county, Delaware, assembled at Dover, on Tuesday last, to nominate their county ticket, when the following gentlemen were nominated: For Sheriff, Wm. Wilds, of Duck Creek Hundred; for Senator, Thomas H. Denny; for Representatives, William C. Jump, Duck Creek; Benj. F. Heverin, Little Creek; Thomas J. Marvel, Dover; Whiteley W. Meredith, North Muderkill; Henry C. Wolcott, Mispillion; James R. Mitchell, Milford; for Levy Court Commissioners, J. Frank Denny, Duck Creek; James J. Waples, Dover; Wm Goodling, North Murderkill; Edmund Bailey, South Murderkill; Robert H. Smith, Mispillion

Major Biggs, the Democratic candidate for Representative in Congress, addressed the convention in his usual happy and eloquent style. The "Willow Grove" Brass Band was in attendance, under the leadership of S. T. Hall, formerly of Wilmington, and discoursed some very rich music.

A decided opposition to a renomination of General Butler for Congress has sprung up in his district in Massachusetts. A strong party of republicans are opposing him, on the ground that he is a personal enemy to General Grant, and has himself raised issues that are inconsistent with the true republican idea. It is supposed they will make a separate nomination if the regular convention does not agree with them, and that General Schouter, a persistent opponent of General Butler, will be nominated. In fact a call, largely signed, has already been published by the republicans for a convention to nominate a candidate in opposition to General Butler should he run.

The Alabama Legislature has adopted a resolution asking the United States Government to send troops to that State to aid in preserving the peace. Democratic Senators and members denounced the resolution as a libel on the people, and as a partisan scheme to control the polls.

At a colored mass meeting held in Richmond, Virginia, on Tuesday, speeches were made declaring want of confidence in the Republican State Central Committee, and denouncing carpet-baggers.—White and black speakers addressed the meeting.

General Longstreet, during his late visit to one of his former staff officers, Colonel John W. Fairfax, of Loudoun county, was, contrary to the generally credited report, understood to favor the election of Seymour and Blair.

"As goes Maine so goes the Union," cry the Radicals. Not exactly. Maine went for Fremont in 1856 by 28,000 plurality and Buchanan was elected; in 1848 she went for Cass nearly 5,000 plurality and Taylor was elected, and so on.

The republicans of Cecil county, Md. have instructed their delegates to the First Congressional District Nominating Convention to vote for the nomination of Hon Jacob Tome as their candidate for Congress.

The Massachusetts Congressional Nominating Convention for the third district now represented by B. F. Butler, meets on Monday next.

General John C. Fremont addressed an immense mass meeting of republicans in New York on Tuesday night.

The citizens of Minnesota are to vote on the question of negro suffrage at the election in November.

The complete returns from Maine show that the Republican majority is 18,558.

The grape crop of Kelley's Island, Lake Erie, or, as some know it, Cunningham's Island, will not equal this year the yield of last year, when there were sold from it 1,200 tons of grapes, and 200,000 gallons of wine. The crop, however, will be good this season. On Big and Little Boss Islands, and on Johnson's and Put in Bay Islands the crop will also prove fair. The grapes from these islands are considered the finest that grow in this country. On the Islands they are worth, wholesale, four to five-and-a-half cents per pound, and in New York they bring about eighteen and three quarters cents per pound.

NEWARK IMPROVEMENT.—The Presbyterians of Newark are erecting a splendid stone church, 60 by 80 feet. The main room will be 20 feet high in the clear. The windows will contain colored glass. There will be a large window in the front of the building similar to that in Grace church It is being built of blue granite and native brown stone which are procured at Chestnut Hill. There will be a steeple 100 feet high. It will cost about $20,000. The building was designed by Mr. Dixon.

The Republican Congressional nominating convention for the first congressional district assembled in Baltimore on Thursday last.

A letter was read from Hon. Jacob Tome, of Cecil, positively declining a nomination, when Henry F. Torbert, of Cecil, was unanimously nominated as the republican candidate for Congress from the first district.

A WIFE POISONER TO BE HUNG.—Benjamin Teachout has been found guilty of poisoning his wife at Eagle, Wyoming county, New York, and sentenced to be hanged on the 18th of November next. Teachout is a farmer in good circumstances, sixty years old, and has long been a member of church. His wife was an invalid, and it appears that he poisoned her because he thought she was a burden.

Later advices from New Orleans give the origin of the disturbance there on Tuesday night. The negroes were the aggressors, and smashed in the windows and doors of two confectioneries. One they attempted to set fire to. Several persons were wounded.

LOYAL COMPLIMENTS.—Butler's compliment that Bingham is an acknowledged "lady killer," is returned by Bingham in the declaration that no man surpasses Butler in his *taking* ways.

Eight hundred and twenty miles of the Pacific Railroad are in operation. The road is expected to be completed by the 4th of July next.

Items of News.

The "Sunday war" among the barbers of St. Louis has ended in the defeat of those who desired to close their shops on Sundays. The end of the war has been brought about by the acquittal of one of the city barbers, whose arrest had been caused by those who had agreed to close on the Sabbath, on the charge of violation of the day.

Intelligence from Buenos Ayres is to the effect that a storm passed over that city on the 13th of August, the day upon which the terrible earthquakes visited the west coast, and was attended with the greatest loss that has occurred there for some time. Numerous vessels were sunk in the harbor, and several houses were blown down.

John Upton, aged thirty-five years, while endeavoring to reach a freight train which was leaving the depot at Newark, N. J. at one o'clock Sunday morning, stumbled over a high bank of dirt and rolled down, his neck fell upon the track in front of the moving train. The wheels of the engine and tender passed over his neck, cutting the head from the body.

An apparatus used to hoist bricks and mortar at a building on the corner of Canal street and Broadway, New York, fell Saturday evening, in consequence of a tackle-block becoming unhooked and unfortunately killed James Tobin and P. S. Hay, both laborers. A boy standing on the sidewalk was badly injured by the falling bricks.

It is said that the robbers who stopped the stage near Laclede Station, east of Salt Lake City, on the 25th ult. captured $42,000 from Wells, Fargo & Co's Express alone. The company have offered a reward of $10,000 for the treasure, and $5,000 for the bodies of the four robbers, dead or alive.

At Montrose, Conn. on Sunday, two men named Hiram Hawty and Mortimer Crofut had a dispute about a ladder, which resulted in Hawty's shooting Crofut in the breast, dangerously wounding him. Crofut went home and got a gun and shot Hawty in the abdomen, killing him instantly.

A girl of ten years was murdered at North Branch, New York, a few days ago, under circumstances of peculiar atrocity. Her uncle, Noah Bigelow, was arrested on suspicion. It is alleged that after outraging her person the fiend brutally murdered her to conceal the crime.

It is stated that a line of propellers is about to be established, to run between Washington and the Schuylkill coal regions of Pennsylvania, carrying Cumberland coal from Washington, and returning with that produced from the Schuylkill mines.

The latest fashionable diversion in Paris is to spend an hour in the air in a balloon, which is confined to the earth by a strong cable. Elegant ladies and gentlemen take their afternoon airing thus instead of on wheels.

Captain Robert Lincoln, eldest son of the late President Lincoln, was married by Bishop Simpson, on Thursday, to Miss Nellie Harlan, only daughter of Senator Harlan, at the residence of the latter in Washington.

In Philadelphia on Sunday there was a great excitement at the Union American Colored Church. The congregation ousted the officiating minister and refused to allow him to preach. The rioters were arrested.

There was a violent snow storm in the region of Mount Washington, New Hampshire, on Wednesday, the 16th instant. The snow fell rapidly, and was measured in places to the depth of a foot and a half.

Beverly Clark, charged with being engaged with ten others in a conspiracy to defraud the government in the post-office department, has been committed for trial in the eastern district of Michigan

Lord Monck has been advised by cable of the appointment of Sir John Young as Governor General of Canada. He will arrive in November. Lord Monck will leave about November.

A man and a woman have been arrested in St. Louis, the former for possessing a bushel of bogus nickles and the latter for having $4,000 of counterfeit $2 treasury notes.

Thomas, the man who killed Kimberly at the Cincinnati rolling mill, by thrusting a red hot iron through his body, has been acquitted on the ground of justifiable homicide.

The Atlantic cable is earning at the rate of $2,000,000 per annum in gold, equal to $2,900,000 in greenbacks, or at the rate of about fifty per cent. per annum on its cost.

Governor Smith and five Republican members of the Alabam Legislature are *en route* for Washington with a memorial to the President asking for troops.

English papers state that Rev. Mr. Spurgeon has engaged himself to make a lecturing tour through this country during the present fall.

At San Marino, in Dinwiddie county, Virginia, a negro named William Starke, who can neither read nor write, has received the appointment of postmaster.

Marsh hens are very abundant on the New Jersey marshes along the shore, the sportsmen have excellent amusement in shooting them.

Several hundred head of stock cattle were sold at sheriff's sale lately in Gonzales Co. Texas, at $1, currency, per head.

St. Louis has at length given up her artesian well, after going down some three quarters of a mile in a vain search for water.

Dr. Francis F. Spring, of Boston, died of apoplexy, on Saturday last. He was 47 years old and weighed 550 pounds.

S. O. Hatch, of Lebanon, N. H. raised three thousand bushels of potatoes from thirteen acres of land this season.

While we are complaining of the scarcity of peaches, the crop in France is the largest ever known.

The New York Herald aptly declares that "Brownlow is the real source of trouble in Tennessee."

A new hotel of large size, and to cost $300,000, is to be rebuilt at Cape May.

Reading, Pennsylvania, claims to have forty thousand inhabitants.

Three negroes were admitted to the bar of South Carolina on Wednesday.

The Middletown Transcript

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

BY HENRY VANDERFORD.

☞ Office corner Main and Scott streets, over D. L. Dunning's Book and Variety Store.

TERMS.—$2.00 per annum, *payable in advance.* Single copies five cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.—One square of ten lines, $1 for the first insertion and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. One square one year $10; six months $6. For a quarter of a column three months $8; six months $15; one year, with the privilege of four changes, $25; for half a column $50. Fractions of a square to be counted as a square. When the number of insertions is not marked, advertisements will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly. Obituaries published at advertising rates; Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Yearly advertisers must confine their advertisements to their own business.

☞ All letters should be address ed to THE MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, Middletown, Del.

The Baltimore *Episcopal Methodist* contradicts the report that Jefferson Davis is likely to be chosen President of Randolph-Macon College. Rev. Dr. Duncan was recently elected to that position. The college is a Methodist institution, while Mr. Davis is an Episcopalian.

MARRIED.

In Middletown, at the Forest Presbyterian Church, September 24th, by Rev. Dr. Patton, Mr. William W. Atwell to Miss Margaret Roberts, both of New Castle County, Delaware.

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN MARKET.

Wheat, prime red	$2 25
Corn yellow	1 18
" white	1 15
Oats	50@ 55
Timothy Seed	4 00
Clover Seed	9 00
Eggs	20 cts ₱ dozen
Butter	30@35 cts. ₱ lb
Chickens (Live Spring)	18@20 " "
Lard	19@20 " "
Hogs	10@ 15 " "
Beef	18@ 20 " "
Hams	23@ 25 " "
Sides	19@ 20 " "
Shoulders	16@ 18 " "
Potatoes	1 00@1 25 ₱ bush

PHILADELPHIA.

Prime red wheat	$2 20@ 2 30
Corn, new yellow	1 30
Oats	75@77

WILMINGTON.

Wheat red	$2 25
Corn	1 28
Oats	9
Flour	$11 00@14 00

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS, and CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D. and Professor of Disease of the Eye and Ear, in the Medical College of Pennsylvania, 12 years experience, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 805 Arch Street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

REGISTER'S OFFICE.
NEW CASTLE COUNTY, September 10, 1868.

Upon the application of Rachel Mifflin, Administratrix of Jacob L. Mifflin, late of Saint Georges Hundred, in said County, deceased: it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Administratrix aforesaid, give notice of the granting of Letters of Administration upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the County of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate, to present the same, or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the DELAWARE GAZETTE, a newspaper published in Wilmington, and the MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.

Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle County aforesaid, the day and year above written.

(L. S.)

R. C. FRAIM, Register.

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased must present the same duly attested to the Administratrix on or before September 17th, 1869, or abide the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

RACHEL MIFFLIN,
Administratrix.

Sept. 26-2m Address—McDonough, Del.

FOR SALE.

A Farm in Queen Anne's County,

CONTAINING ABOUT

243 ACRES,

FORMERLY the property of John Hendrick's heirs, at present occupied by Mr. Thomas Vansant, adjoining the lands of Capt. Robinson and others, about three and a half miles from Crumpton and Church Hill, and about two and a half miles from a Public Landing. One-third in WOOD AND TIMBER. There is a

DWELLING,

Kitchen, Barn, Meat House, Poultry House, and Dairy.

A Well of good Water in the yard.

About 1900 Peach Trees,

FIVE YEARS OLD.

TERMS.

One-third cash, or by the 26th of December next; balance in three equal annual instalments. Interest from the first of January next; to be secured by bond with security. Possession 1st. January next. GEORGE VICKERS,

Agent and attorney for Mrs. Rhoda Riley.

Sept. 26—3t.

THE FARMER'S NEWSPAPER,

The Delaware Tribune.

THE LARGEST, CHEAPES & BEST.

Every Farmer Should have It.

☞ Terms—$2. 00 a year in advance. Address JENKINS & ATKINSON, Proprietors. Wilmington, Del.

PHIADELPHIA PRICES OUTDONE.

ORDER BY MAIL,

QUICK, CHEAP AND ELEGANT

PRINTING

Of JENKINS & ATKINSON,
Steam Job Printers, Wilmington, Del.

THE DELAWARE TRIBUNE.—Have you seen it? THE DELAWARE TRIBUNE.—Have you seen it? THE DELAWARE TRIBUNE.—Have you seen it? ORDER PRINTING by Mail from the Delaware TRIBUNE Office.

FOR CHEAP PRINTING go to the Delaware TRIBUNE Steam Printing Office, at Wilmington, Del.

ORDER BY MAIL.—Orders for Printing may be sent to the TRIBUNE Office, at Wilmington, *by mail.* Such orders will receive instant attention.

THE DELAWAR TRIBUNE is the Radical Republican newspaper of Delaware.

THE DELAWARE TRIBUNE may be had of the Newsboys on the Delaware Rail Road.

THE CHEAPEST Printing establishment for Sale Bills in Wilmington, is the DELAWARE TRIBUNE Office. The TRIBUNE is the Farmer's paper of Delaware. Sept. 26.

ODESSA NURSERIES.

THE Proprietors offer for Sale, for Fall planting of 1868 or Spring of 1869,

70,000 Peach Trees

of the leading

Market and Family Varieties.

200,000 SMALL FRUIT PLANTS

consisting of the following varieties:

STRAWBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,
BLACKBERRIES,
GOOSEBERRIES,
CURRANTS, AND GRAPE VINES.
ASPARAGUS ROOTS.

300,000 OSAGE ORANGE QUICKS.

One and Two Years Old.

ALSO

EARLY ROSE, HARRISON, AND EARLY GOODRICH POTATOES.

Apply to POLK & HYATT,
Odessa, Del.
Sept. 26, 1868. Or to WM. B. CROFT.

HENDRICKSON & THOMPSON,

MILLWRIGHTS,

Agents for Burnham's Improved

TURBINE

WATER-WHEELS.

ALL Orders for any Branch of the Business will receive prompt attention if addressed to ALLOWAYSTOWN,
Sept. 26—tf. SALEM COUNTY, N. J.

THE ADVANTAGES OFFERED

BY THE

National Life Insurance Company

OF THE UNITED STATES,

ARE:

I.

It is a National Company, with a Perpetual Charter, granted by Special Act of Congress.

II.

It affords the Security of a Paid-up Capital of One Million Dollars, with the privilege of increasing it to an unlimited amount.

III.

It offers Low Rates of Premium.

The policy-holder in the National Life Insurance Company secures *by contract* a given amount of Insurance for a premium much lower than that of Mutual Companies.

IV.

It furnishes larger Insurance than any other Companies for the same money.

For instance, a person aged 30, by paying an annual premium of $165.50, can secure a policy in the National Life Insurance Company for $10,000; while with the same premium he can secure only $7031.80 in a Company on the Mutual Plan.

V.

It is Definite and Certain.

There is no possibility of misrepresentation by agents, or misunderstanding by policy holders. It makes a plain contract—so much insurance for so much money.

VI.

It has a Home Company in every locality.

The money pid for premiums are invested in the section where received.

VII.

Its Policies are Negotiable.

By the Charter of the Company, certificates or obligations may be issued, agreeing to purchase its policies at their value, which when accompanied by the policy duly assigned or transfered, are negotiable, and may be used as collateral security, in making loans from the Company or from other parties.

VIII.

Its Policies are exempt from Attachment.

By the Charter it is enacted, "That any policy taken out in favor of a wife, child, relative or other persons having an interest in the life of the insured shall not be liable to seizure by the creditors of the person so insured."

IX.

There are no Unnecessary Restrictions in the Policy.

The insured are not restricted from residence in any part of the United States or British Provinces, or in Europe in time of peace; excepting that an extra rate will be charged for residence for a longer period than thirty days, between the 1st of July and the 1st of November, in that portion of the United States lying within sixty miles of the Atlantic Ocean, the Gulf of Mexico, or of the Mississippi or Red Rivers, south of the parallel of 32° North Latitude.

X.

All Policies are Non-Forfeiting.

Every policy issued by the Company contains a guarantee of a paid-up policy for a proportionate amount.

XI.

It makes an Annual Addition to the Policies of One Hundred Per Centum of the Premium Paid.

Policies issued under Tables IV. V. and VI, increase at the beginning of every year by just the amount of premium paid.

XII.

It pays to the Insured, during Life, an Annual Income of One-Tenth the Amount named in the Policy.

A party insuring upon the Income-producing Plan (Table X.) will draw an annual income of one-tenth the amount named in the Policy, after ten, fifteen, twenty, twenty-five or thirty years, according to the kind of Policy taken.

The full amount of the Policy will be paid at death, whenever that event occures.

XIII.

No charge is made for Policy Fee, Stamps or Medical Examination.

XIV.

No Extra Rate is charged for Risks upon the Lives of Females.

INSURE

IN THE

National Life Insurance Company

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

☞ Active and reliable Agents wanted in every locality.

Woolston & Co,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR DELAWARE,

No. 2 EAST THIRD STREET,

WILMINGTON, DEL.

September 19—1m.

NOTICE.

AN Instalment, of one Dollar per Share upon the Capital Stock of the Middletown Hall Company will be due, and payable to John R. Hall, Esq. on Saturday, Oct. 24th, 1868. As the work is now rapidly progressing, prompt payments will be required to meet coming liabilities.

By order of the Board.

WM. H. BARR,
August 22—4w Secretary.

Instruction on the Piano.

MISS N. M. WRIGHT, Middletown, Delaware, Teacher of Music on the Piano, will attend to Pupils at their own or her residence. Terms moderate. Sept. 19—tf

628 HOOP SKIRTS. 628

AND

CORSETS, CORSETS.

WM. T. HOPKINS,

No. 628 Arch Street, Phila.

MANUFACTURER OF THE

Celebrated "Champion" Hoop Skirts

FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN,

The largest assortment, and best quality and styles in the *American Market.* Every lady should try them, as they *recommend themselves* by wearing longer, retaining their shape much better, being lighter and more *elastic* than all others—Warranted *in every respect,* and sold at very low peices. Ask for HOPKINS' "CHAMPION" SKIRT.

Superior Hand-made Whale-Bone Corsets in Fifteen different Grades, including the "Imperial" and THOMPSON & LANGDON'S "Glove Fitting" Corsets, ranging in prices from 81 Cents to $5.50; together with JOSEPH BECKEL'S Celebrated French Woven Corsets, superior shapes and quality, Ten different Grades, from $1.10 to $5.50. They are the finest and best goods for the prices, ever imported. The Trade supplied with Hoop Skirts and Corsets *at the Lowest Rates.*

Those visiting the City should not fail to call and examine our Goods and Prices, as we defy all competition. Sept. 19, 1868.

DELAWARE

Mutual Life Insurance Company,

Wilmington, Del.

PAID IN CAPITAL, $100,000.00.

JOHN P. McLEAR, President,
GEO. W. STONE, Vice President,
M. M. CHILD, Secretary

DIRECTORS.

John P. McLear,	Samuel Bancroft, jr.
William Bush,	Ed. Bringhurst, jr.
Thos. W. Webb,	Wm. G. Gibbons,
William Canby	George W. Stone,
Geo. W. Bush,	Jno. V. Rice,
William S. Hilles,	W. H. Swift.

This Company offers unusual advantages to those who desire to avail themselves of the benefits of Life Insurance. Examine the following reasons:

1st.—It is a *Home Company,* and has adopted every plan of Life Insurance that is safe and just.

2d.—It's risks are selected with the utmost care and skill.

3rd.—It is a *purely* mutual Company.

4th.—It offers new features of Loans, original to itself.

5th.—It is the most economically managed Company represented in the Peninsula.

6th. Its excess of funds will be loaned out only to the members of the Company, thus giving them the use of the money at once.

7th.—It will loan its members money for a short time.

8th.—Its rates are from 25 to 30 per ct. *lower than any Mutual Company in Existence.*

9th.—Its policies are non-forfeitable after the first payment.

10th.—It will issue risks from $25 to $10,000.

11th.—It insures railroad Employees and hazardous occupations without extra addition to the premiums.

12th.—It combines Reliability, Low Rates, Economy, Safety, and all advantages that are to be derived from Life Insurance.

13th.—It has no notes hanging over the policies, and demands no interest money in advance; nor does it ask an extortional Cash premium.

14th.—It is within the power of the poorest man as well as the millionaire to protect his wife and family from want, by taking a policy in this Company.

First Class Reliable men are wanted in every locality to act as agents for the Company. Applicants will address the subscriber, with references.

J. THOMAS BUDD,
Middletown, Delaware.
Agent for Delaware and Eastern Shore Md.

Send for Circulars setting forth fully the plans and operations of the Company.

Approved. GEO. W. STONE.
Vice President.

Sept. 12—tf

CASH! CASH!!

IS NOW

THE ORDER OF THE DAY.

BUSINESS of all kinds is being put on a Cash Basis, and it is right and proper that it should be.

If a farmer sells his wheat, corn, oats, or hay, it is for cash.

If he sells his beef, pork, or potatoes, it is for cash.

If he sells his peaches, it must be for cash.

Mercantile credits are now reduced to thirty days, which is equivalent to cash; for thirty days is no accommodation at all, to a man who does a credit business.

At the beginning of every month the "Monthly Statement" is sent out to all dealers, and the amount summed up at the foot of that "Statement" *must be promptly paid,* or the delinquent's credit suffers. It is evident, therefore, that merchants cannot do business satisfactory to themselves, and keep up their credit and their stock, if they continue to give the long credits heretofore extended to their customers.

Business, generally, is approaching more nearly a cash basis, and business men everywhere, will be compelled to conform to the general rule and practice. Consequently, the undersigned, will, on and after this date, *SELL GOODS FOR CASH ONLY, OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN TRADE.*

We have marked our Goods to the lowest possible figures, and are prepared to sell Great Bargains for Cash Only.

Try the effect of cash purchases, and note the sum saved by it.

☞ We are offering Goods cheaper than ever offered before, because they will be sold for cash only.

Come and see for yourselves.

All Persons having out-standing accounts will please come forward and settle up without delay.

J. A. REYNOLDS & SONS.

Sept. 12, 1868—1m

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing and trading in the name of the firm of WALKER & GARY, in the mercantile business, has this day dissolved by mutual consent of the parties.

All persons indebted to said Firm are requested to make immediate settlement of their Bonds, Notes, and Book Accounts to either of the subscribers, as the affairs of the Firm must be closed up at an early day. D. W. C. WALKER.
J. W. GARY, Sr.

Middletown, Aug. 22d, 1868.

☞ NOTICE.—The undersigned, thankful for past favors, solicits the patronage of his old customers, as he will keep on hand Dry Goods, Groceries, &c. in front of the Post Office, and at prices satisfactory to his old friends and the public in general.

Country Produce taken in exchange at the Highest Market Rates. J. W. GARY, Sr.

Aug. 29-3t

Farmers Take Notice.

THE Subscriber will sell at the Peninsula Machine Works, Middletown, Del. at greatly reduced prices, a lot of Reapers, Reading and Hand Corn Shellers, Horserakes &c. as he intends to close out his stock.

ROBT. H. HODGSON

Sept. 12—3w.

FOR SALE.—Good Cider Vinegar, two years old, by the Five Gallons, Barrell, or Hogshead. Apply to J. B. FENIMORE.

Sept. 19—5t. Middletown, Del.

SEWING MACHINES.

WILCOX & GIBBS'

TWISTED LOOP-STITCH

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINES IM THE WORLD.

OBVIOUS REASONS WHY THE

WILCOX & GIBBS

Family Sewing Machines

ARE BECOMING SO POPULAR:

FIRST, Because they make the "TWISTED LOOP-STITCH," which is the most Beautiful, Elastic, and Durable Stitch known.

SECOND, Because they are adapted to the Greatest Range of Work, and will use either Cotton, Silk, or Linen Thread successfully.

THIRD, Because they are Perfectly Simple in their Construction; and will Hem, Fell, Stitch, Bind, Cord, Tuck, Gather, and Embroider, in the most perfect manner.

FOURTH, Because they use but One Spool, and are found Competent when all others Fail.

Read the following Statements of Facts and Commendations of Individuals and of the Press in Regard to the

WILCOX & GIBBS

Family Sewing Machines.

From the Superintendant of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

ALTOONA, Pa. Sept 14, 1865.

One of your Sewing Machines has been used in my family for several years. For simplicity and mechanical accuracy of construction, I have seen no Sewing Machine equal to it. The speed and correctness with which it does its work are admirable. It has given and continues to give us entire satisfaction. ENOCH LEWIS.

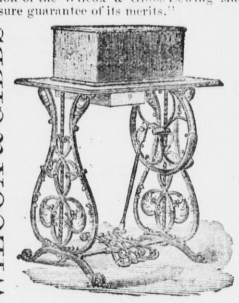
DOVER, Sept. 12th, 1865.

Messrs. Wilcox & Gibbs,—Gentlemen:—Having had eighteen months' experience with your Family Sewing Machine, I take pleasure in saying that it has given perfect satisfaction. It has been the means of selling several in this locality.

D. F. BURTON.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, Jan. 20th 1859.—"The simplicity and accuracy of its mechanism prevent its dropping stitches, to which many other machines are liable, and which has hitherto brought the "chain stitch" into disrepute. One cannot but admire the beauty and accuracy of its movements, and the entire absence of all noise, even when running at the rate of 2000 stitches and upward per minute. This alone must prove a great recommendation to it. Another merit is the good workmanship. The parts are made interchangeable, so that in the event of accident to the machine, any part can be replaced, at a trifling cost. It is, indeed, a "mechanical wonder —a household necessity!"

PHILADELPHIA PRESS, 1860.—"The unparalleled success which has attended the introduction of the Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine is a sure guarantee of its merits."



WILCOX & GIBBS FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

REFERENCES.

The following are names of persons in this neighborhood, whom we give as references, who have had the Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machines in use for some time:

Misses Blackiston.	Mrs. Benj. Armstrong.
Mrs. William Green.	Mrs. T. S. Bowers.
Mrs. J. B. Clarkson.	Mrs. H. Vanderford.
Mrs. R. A. Cochran, Jr.	Mrs. S. M. Reynolds.

CASH PRICES.

No. 1. Ornamental Iron Stand, Walnut Top, (oiled.) with Hemmer and Feller,	$55
No. 2. On Ornamental Iron Stand, Walnut Top, with Drawer and Lock,	56
No. 3. On Ornamental Iron Stand, with Polished Mahogany or Walnut Top and Drawer, with Hemmer and Feller.	58
No. 4. Walnut Half Case, (oiled,) with Hemmer and Feller,	65
No. 5. Extra Half Case, "with Work Box. Hemmer and Feller,	68
No. 6. Walnut Half Case, (oiled,) with Fancy Work Box, Hemmer and Feller,	70
No. 7. Mahogany Half Case, (Polished,) with Hemmer and Feller,	76
No. 8. Full Cabinet-Case, Mahogany or Walnut with Hemmer and Feller,	100

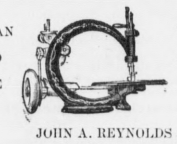
Those wishing a first class Sewing Machine, would do well to call and examine the

Wilcox & Gibbs

TWISTED LOOP-STITCH

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR SALE



BY

JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SONS,

Middletown, Del.

August 15—1y

CHATSWORTH HILL

Select Boarding and Day School

For Young Ladies,

188 FRANKLIN ST. BALTIMORE, MD.

MRS. P. L. EICHELBERGER AND MISS A. E. HASSON, PRINCIPALS.

THE location selected for this School is in an agreeable, healthy and retired part of the city. The building, furnished with all the modern improvements, such as water, gas, baths, &c. and having a large and well shaded yard attached, is admirably adapted to the purposes of the Institution.

The School rooms will be fitted up in the most modern style and every arrangement will be made to secure the comfort and advancement of the pupils.

TERMS FOR BOARDING PUPILS.

Board and Tuition in English, French and Latin.....$500 00

No extras except Pew-rent and Washing.

Each pupil is required to be furnished with towels, table napkins, fork, spoon and napkin-ring all of which, as well as wearing apparel must be marked with the owner's name.

TERMS FOR DAY SCHOLARS.

Tuition in English, French and Latin $125 00
Music and German at Professors' prices.
Use of Piano $5 00 per quarter

The School will continue in session from the 10th of September to the 25th of June. A recess of ten days will be given at Christmas and also at Easter. Payments to be made strictly in advance. The bills will be rendered semi-annually, at the commencement of the term, or on entrance, and on the 1st of February. A punctual attendance at the opening of School is especially requested. Pupils may enter at any period of the year, but they will be expected to remain to the close of the School year, and if removed before that time full payment will be required.

REFERENCES:

Rev. James Graham, Winchester, Va.; Rev. T. W. Dosh, do.; Rev. Wm. Eggleston, do.; H. M. Brent, Esq. do.; Robert B. Wolfe, Esq. do.; Wm. B. Baker, Esq. do.; O. M. Brown, Esq. do. Hon. H. McCullough, Elkton, Md.; Rev. H. Mathers, do.; Rev. P. B. Sandler, D. D., Lathersville, Md.; Rev. D. Bittle, Roanoke College, Va.; Prof. C. S. Wells, do.; Rev. J. J. Miller, Staunton, Va.; Col. George Baylor, do.; Baker Bros. do.; J. F. Hite, Esq., Middletown, Va.; Mark Bird, Esq. Woodstock, Va.; Dr. J. R. Dunbar, Baltimore, Md.; Wm. M. Busey, Esq., do.; H. Vanderford, Middletown, Del.

July 25—10w.

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

AND

VARIETY STORE.

SCHOOL BOOKS and Miscellaneous Works, Bibles, Prayer Books and Hymn Books, BLANK BOOKS, in various styles of binding. Tuck, Memorandum and Pass Books.

Stationery of all kinds.

Photograph Albums, Work Boxes, Fancy Boxes, Writing Desks, Ladies' Satchels, Pocket Books, Port Folios, Purses, Portmonaies, Segar Cases, Picture Frames, Tassels and Cords, Looking Glasses.

Back Gammon Boards,

CHESS & CHECKER MEN,

GAMES OF ALL KINDS.

Rubber Pencils and Penholders, Writing Fluid Ink Stands, Pocket Cutlery, Rogers' Scissors, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Breast Pins, Finger Rings Spectacles, Violin Strings, Combs, Brushes, Nail and Tooth Brushes, Gum Bands, Watch Keys, Key Rings, and Puff Boxes.

A Fine Assortment of Colgate & Co's. Soap,

PHALON'S NIGHT-BLOOMING CEREUS,

Wright's and Taylor's Superior Extracts, Pomades, Hair Oils, and Dental Soap, of the first quality.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

Neck Ties of various styles, Bismarck Collars, Gloves, Hose, Handkerchiefs, Cuffs, Wristlets, &c. &c.

Segars, Tobacco Pipes, Meerschaums, and Tobacco Boxes.

Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, Wicks and Coal Oil.

DEALER IN NEWSPAPERS—

New York Ledger,
Harper's Weekly, Bazaar and Magazine,
Frank Leslie, Chimney Corner, Weekly,
Boys and Girls Weekly,
Gleason's Literary Companion,
Godey's, Peterson's, Atlantic, Arthur's, Galaxy and Mme. Demorest's Magazines.

☞ A large variety of Fancy Articles. ☜

Call and examine, at

D. L. DUNNING'S,
Corner of Main and Scott streets,
Jan 4.—3mo. Middletown, Del.

JOHN McLEAR & SON,

BANKERS,

WILMINGTON, DEL.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT, payable on demand, and interest allowed.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

BOUGHT and SOLD, at current market rates.

GOLD AND GOLD COUPONS,

Bought at highest prices.

Notes, Drafts, and Interest,

Collected and remitted promptly.

Stocks and Loans

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Applications in person or by letter, promptly and fully answered.

☞ Correspondence invited.

JOHN McLEAR & SON,
Bankers,
Aug. 1—6mo. Wilmington, Del.

WOODSIDE

Small Fruit Nursery.

STRAWBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,
BLACKBERRIES,
CURRANTS AND
OSAGE ORANGE PLANTS.

ALSO

EARLY ROSE, AND
HARRISON POTATOES.

Circulars containing prices can be had by applying to HENRY CLAYTON,
Sept. 5—3m. Mount Pleasant, Del.

Stock of Millinery Goods For Sale.

THE undersigned purposing to retire from business will sell at private sale her entire stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods. This is a rare opportunity for any person wishing to enter a good business. Apply to

LYDIA V. CANNON,
Aug. 29—tf. Middletown, Del.

BARGAINS, BARGAINS,

Cash Buyers Look to your Interest.

S. R. STEPHENS & Co.

HAVING opened their New Cash Store, in Middletown, Del. are now prepared to offer to the Public a large and well selected Stock of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, &c.

They offer a large lot of CARPETS,

VERY LOW FROM AUCTION,

A FINE STOCK OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Cloths, Cassimers, and

Ready Made Clothing.

HATS AND CAPS,

Dress Goods, Notions,

HARDWARE, &C.

Canned Fruits, Pickles, Sauces,

and all kinds of Goods usually kept in a country store.

Having purchased our entire stock for cash, we are prepared to sell at city prices for cash or country produce.

Buyers would do well to give us a call.

SAML. R. STEPHENS & Co.
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

July 4—1y.

W. M. KENNARD,

OF THE WELL KNOWN

DRY GOODS AND CARPET HOUSE,

306 Market Street, Wilmington,

offers to the buying public one of the most desirable assortment of

☞ GOODS ☜

ver displayed by this old established house. Buying for CASH, selling on the same terms.

Purchasing from first Hands,

AS WELL AS

Importing some Styles of Goods,

all combined, gives him many advantages not usual with retail stores.

A LARGE STOCK,

PLENTY OF LIGHT,

No Misrepresentation of Goods,

AND LOW PRICES

☞ are SOME of the inducements held forth to buyers. ☜

January 4, 1868—6m

BOWER'S COMPLETE MANURE,

MANUFACTURED BY

HENRY BOWER, CHEMIST,

PHILADELPHIA.

MADE FROM

Super-Phosphate of Lime, Ammonia and Potash,

WARRANTED FREE FROM ADULTERATION.

THIS Manure contains all the elements to produce large crops of all kinds, and is highly recommended by all who have used it, also by distinguished Chemists who have, by analysis, tested its qualities.

Packed in bags of 200 pounds each,

DIXON, SHARPLESS & CO.
SOLE AGENTS,
39 South Water and 40 South Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.

For sale by WM. REYNOLDS,
79 South Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.

Also by JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SONS,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

And by dealers generally throughout the country. July 18, '68.

HARNESS MAKING.

THE undersigned having commenced Harness making at

ODESSA, DEL.

Is prepared to furnish every article in his line on the most reasonable terms.

His experience in city and country justifies his promise that

ALL HIS WORK WILL BE OF THE

☞ BEST QUALITY. ☜

And gives him confidence to solicit a share of the public patronage.

☞ His Shop is on Main street, in the house formerly occupied by Joseph Tawresy.

WM. T. GALLAHER.

April 25—tf.

Rhodes! Rhodes! Rhodes!!

Price Reduced to $50 per Ton.

TO meet the recent decline in Grain, and induce a larger consumption in this region, the price of Rhodes' Standard Manure has been reduced to $50 per ton of 2000 lbs.

The quality of this Manure has not deteriorated, being better now than it was thirteen years ago.

It is always dry and suitable for drilling.

All that is asked for Rhodes, is to try it alongside any other Fertilizer in the American market, and note the result in the quantity and quality of the grain at Harvest, and the subsequent growth of clover or other crop.

Put up in bags or barrels, and sold by the subscriber at Middletown, Del.—on Chesapeake and Delaware Canal, and on Chesapeake and Delaware waters, at $50 per ton, clear of freight.

Send in your orders early, as the supply is limited. E. T. EVANS.

July 18—tf. Middletown, Del.

BOOT & SHOE MAKING.

JAMES H. COLLINS, respectfully informs the public that he has taken the Shop at the corner of Broad and Lake streets, nearly opposite the Academy, in Middletown, and is prepared to manufacture Boots and Shoes to order. Special attention given to repairing, and all work finished with neatness and despatch. He respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

GO TO DEAKYNE'S

FOR everything that is nice, in the way of fresh family Loaf Bread, Fancy Cakes, superior Confectionery, Ice Cream, &c. Parties supplied with Cake, Confectionery, Ice Cream &c. to order, at shortest notice. Go to Deakyne's for everything that is nice.

J. B. DEAKYNE,
August 8—3m. Middletown, Del.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

A Beautiful

SALT WATER SITUATION

In Talbot County, Md.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Talbot county, sitting in Equity, the undersigned, as Trustee, will sell at public sale, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Easton, on,

Tuesday, September 29th, 1868,

between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock, P. M. a part of that farm or plantation commonly known as the

"GLEBE,"

formerly the residence of Charles H. Martin, Esq. containing the quantity of

130 ACRES,

more or less.

This farm is beautifully located on the waters of "Glebe" creek, a branch of Miles River, where all the luxuries of the salt water, oysters, fish, crabs, terrapins, and wild fowl can be obtained in abundance. It is within one mile of the steamboat landing at Miles River Bridge, and about two miles from the town of Easton.

The improvements are a one-story

Frame Dwelling,

and sufficient OUT-BUILDINGS for the use of the farm. There is also a fine

Orchard of 1500 Young Peach Trees,

together with other fruit trees in abundance.

TERMS OF SALE.

The terms prescribed by the decree are:—One-fourth of the purchase money cash on the day of sale; the balance in one, two and three years; the deferred payments to be secured by bond with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale. HILEMON T. KENNARD.

Wm. K Bathell, Auctioneer. Trustee.

August 22—ts.

BAUGH'S COMMERCIAL MANURES.

TRADE MARK

ON EVERY PACKAGE.

BAUGH & SONS, Philada.

AND

NORTH WESTERN FERTILIZING Co.

Chicago,

Sole Manufacturers.

PRICES.

BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE,

$56 per 2000 pounds.

BAUGH'S CHICAGO BONE FERTILIZER,

$50 per 2000 pounds.

BAUGH'S CHICAGO BLOOD MANURE,

$50 per 2000 pounds.

The above Manures are furnished in both bags and barrels, whichever customers perfer. The bags are uniform in weight 160 pounds.

The attention of Farmers is especially directed to the fact that the sources of the Raw Material of which the above Manures are composed, are so well under control that we can furnish them of strictly uniform quality and condition, and that they contain a larger percentage of Ammonia than any other class of manufactured manures in the market,

BAUGH & SONS,
20 S. Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.

NORTH WESTERN FERTILIZING Co.,
Cor. Lake & Lasalle Sts.
CHICAGO.

☞ BAUGH'S COMMERCIAL MANURES may be procured from dealers in any of the principal towns in the United States or Dominion of Canada.

June 20—4m

PERSIAN HEALING

OR

PINE TAR SOAP.

FOR the Toilet this Soap has no equal. It preserves the complexion fair, the skin soft, flexible and healthy. It removes all Dandruff, preserves the hair soft and silky, and prevents it from falling off or prematurely turning grey. It will positively cure Pimples on the Face, Cracked or Chapped Hands, Salt Rheum, Frosted Feet, Burns, Fresh Cuts or Wounds of all kinds, all Diseases of the Scalp and Skin. It is no humbug. Price only 25 cents per cake. Ask your Druggist and Grocer for it.

G. B. THOMPSON, Oil Merchant, Southwest corner Second and Market Streets, Wilmington, Sole Agent for Delaware.

August 22—1m.

Middletown Carriage Works.

ESTABLISHED IN 1839.

J. M. COX & BRO., Proprietors.

WE keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order Carriages of the latest styles and finished in the best manner, as we employ none but first-class workmen and use only the best material.

☞ Repairing executed with neatness and despatch.

All work warranted. Jan 4—tf

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

ONE HUNDRED TONS of the celebrated "SUGAR NOTCH" LEHIGH COAL, now unloading at New Castle, and will be ready for delivery on Monday next, the 17th instant. The continued strikes in the mining regions have already advanced the Price of Coal, and give promise of High Rates the coming season. Now is the time, therefore, for Consumers to lay in a supply. E. T. EVANS,

Aug. 15—tf Middletown, Del.

NOTICE.

HAVING disposed of my Drug Store to Dr. Geo. G. Chamberlaine, all persons having claims against me, will call upon him for payment; and those indebted to me will please make immediate payment to him.

H. RICHMOND CHAMBERLAINE.

Sept. 5—4t

FOR SALE.

SOUTHDOWN EWES, BUCKS, and BUCK LAMBS.

CHESTER WHITE PIGS, from Premium Stock.

Also HONG KONG, or BROWN CHINA GEESE. Apply to R. H. HODGSON,
Lewisville.
Aug. 29—1mo.* Chester Co. Pa.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to me are requested to settle their bills on or befor the first of October, as I shall be compelled to do a strictly Cash business after that date.

C. E. ANDERSON.

Sept. 19—4t.

Select Poetry.

THE YOUNG BRIDE'S DREAM.

The young bride she is dreaming,
Ah! who that dream can tell?
It may be of some loved one
Ere falsehood broke the spell;
It may be of the bridegroom
Who watches by her side,
And deems she *must* be happy
Because she is a bride.

Oh! if that be her dreaming
May time ne'er break the spell,
But the tears flow in her slumber,
And who that dream can tell?

The young bride she is dreaming!
Of the future, or the past?
But she'll wake, and smiles around her
Like a ray of sunshine cast;
Her pride will keep her silent,
She may speak of other themes,
But her lips will never whisper
What she wept for in her dreams.

Oh! if those dreams were happy
May time ne'er break the spell,
But the tears fell in her slumber,
And who that dream can tell?

Our Olio.

Foreign Beds.

It is curious to notice the habits of different nations in regard to beds. However dress, food, manners, cooking, political conditions may vary in other countries, the beds differ as notably as anything does. In Eastern nations the bed is often nothing but a carpet, and is carried about and spread in any convenient spot, the tired native lying down in his clothes. We remember a child who used to be puzzled with those miracles of our Saviour, who, on restoring an impotent man, directed him to take up his bed and walk—his idea of a bed consisting in a four post bedstead, with its palliasse, mattress, and feather bed, besides blankets, sheets and pillows. But even in very cold countries the beds are closely allied to the Eastern carpet. In taking a furnished house in Russia, on inquiring for the servants' bedrooms and beds, which did not appear in the inventory on our surveying the apartments, it comes out that the Russian servants are in the habit of lying anywhere—in the passages, on the floors, on the mats at the room doors, or even on the carpets in the sitting-rooms—generally as near as possible to the stoves in the winter season. The Emperor himself sleeps on a leathern sofa, in a sitting-room, lying down in a dressing gown, but not removing his under-clothing. But in Russia the houses are kept so warm by the system of stoves through the walls, that much bed covering is no more required in winter than during the heats of summer. In Germany, the construction of the beds gives one the impression that the Germans do not know what it is to lie down. The bedstead is a short wooden case; there is a mattrass extending from head to foot, but so formed that at the half-way the upper end is made to slope at an angle of considerable elevation, and upon this are two enormous down pillows, which reach from the head of the bed to half-way down to the feet; consequently the occupant of the bed lies at an angle of at least forty-five degrees, and is nearly in a sitting position at night. In some parts of Germany there are no blankets; there is a sheet to lie on, and another over it, which is tacked to a quilt wadded with down; and this is the entire covering, with the exception of a sort of bed, a thick cider-down quilt, but not quilted, which is placed on the top, and which, unless the sleeper is very quiet in his sleep, is usually found on the floor in the morning. In hot weather there is no medium; either a sheet is the only covering, or one of these over-warm cider-downs.

WONDERS OF THE MICROSCOPE.—This world of ours is filled with wonders. The microscope reveals them not less than the telescope, each at either extreme of creation. In the insect creation, particularly, there is so much to know that has never been dreamed of—wheels within wheels, without computation or number. Let us take a rapid glance at the proofs of this statement. The polypus, it is said, like the fabled hydra, receives new life from the knife which is lifted to destroy it. The fly-spider lays an egg as large as itself. There are four thousand and forty-one muscles in the caterpillar. Hooke discovered fourteen thousand mirrors in the eye of a drone; and to effect respiration of a carp, thirteen thousand three hundred arteries, vessels, veins, bones, &c. are necessary. The body of every spider contains four little masses pierced with a multitude of imperceptible holes, each hole permitting the passage of a single thread; all the threads, to the amount of a thousand to each mass, join together when they come out, and make the single thread with which the spider spins its web; so that what we call a spider's thread consists of more than four thousand united. Leuwhenock, by means of microscopes, observed spiders no bigger than the grain of sand, and which spun threads so fine that it took four thousand of them to equal in magnitude a single hair.

A woman is like ivy—the more you are ruined, the closer she clings to you. A vile bachelor adds: "Ivy is like woman—the more it clings to you, the more you are ruined." A poor rule that won't work both ways.

A cotton thread manufacturer, who, by accident, got a cut across his nose, having no court-plaster at hand stuck on his proboscis one of his gum tickets on which was the usual information, "Warranted 350 yards long."

Jerrold went to a party at which a Mr. Pepper had assembled all his friends. Jerrold said to his host, on entering the room: "My dear Mr. Pepper, how glad you must be to see all your friends mustered."

Why are potatoes and corn like hardened sinners? Because they have eyes and see not—ears and hear not.

The most delicate method of giving your sweetheart a *key* to your feelings is to send her a *lock* of your hair.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS
AND
Hoofland's German Tonic.
The Great Remedies for all Diseases of the
LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS,

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medicinally termed *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from all alcoholic admixture of any kind.*

Hoofland's German Tonic

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, &c. making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

Hoofland's German Bitters.

Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters, as stated, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc. is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathizing as closely as it does with the Stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs etc. Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is assured from his investigations and inquiries, possesses true merit, is skilfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submit those well-known remedies—

Hoofland's German Bitters,
AND
Hoofland's German Tonic
PREPARED BY DR. C. M. JACKSON,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Thirty-five years since they were first introduced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefited suffering humanity to a greater extent than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a disordered Liver' Stomach or Intestines.

DEBILITY.

Resulting from any cause whatever; prostration of the system, induced by severe labor, hardships, exposure, fevers &c.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests properly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

Persons advanced in life and feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this Bitters, or the Tonic, an elixir that will instill new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well established fact that fully one-half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health, or, to use their own expression, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the Bitters, or the Tonic is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of Marasmus without fail.

TESTIMONIALS.

Hon. Geo. W. Woodward,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa. writes:

Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find Hoofland's German Bitters is a good tonic, useful in the diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system.

Yours, truly, GEO. W. WOODWARD."

Hon. James Thompson,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, April 28, 1866.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a *valuable medicine* in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMPSON.

From Rev. J. H. Kennard, D. D.

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jackson,—Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my own family, of the use of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates St.

From Rev. E. D. Fendall,

Assistant Editor, Christian Chronicle, Philada.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility, or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver. Yours, truly,

E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.—See that the signature of C. M. Jackson is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal Office and Manufactory at No. 621 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHARLES M. EVANS, Priprietor.

PRICE.—Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle, $1.00—half dozen, $6.00 Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, $1.50 per bottle, or a half dozen for $7.50

FOR SALE BY ALL

Druggists and Storekeepers. Everywhere.

Aug. 1—1 year.

LOOK HERE!!

THE subscriber has just opened a New Store, in Odessa, where he purposes keeping a full assortment of

GOODS,

such as are generally kept in a country store.

I respectfully invite the citizens of Odessa and vicinity to call in, and examine my prices; and you will find that they will compare with the lowest city prices.

Muslins, blc'd and unblch'd,	6, 8, 10 and 15 cts.
Prints,	7, 10 and 12½ "
Alpacas, all colors,	25 "
Grenadines Mozambiques,	25 "
Challie Delaine,	20 "
Lawns (Pacific,)	20 "
Ginghams,	10, 12, and 15 "
Scotch do.	31 "
Splendid Linen Duck	31 a 35 "
Cottonades,	25 a 31 "
Heavy Cotton Duck,	20 "
Demins,	25 "
Jeans,	20 "
Cambrics	15 "
Fine all wool Cassimers,	80 cts. a $1,00
Heavy Kerseys,	80 cts a $1,00
Sugar, brown.	12½ cts.
White, A and B.	18 "
Coffee, best,	28 "
Molasses,	50 a 80 "
Coal Oil,	50 "
Lard Oil,	$1,00
Cheese,	20 cts
Pork and Shoulders,	18 "
Hams, covered,	25 "
Herring, by the bbl,	$7,50
Mackerel.	

QUEENS-WARE,
A Full Assortment,
Full Tea Sets, Iron Stone. $7 00
HARD WARE, WOODEN WARE.

BOOTS, Mens coarse,	$2 00
" Boys "	1 50
BROGANS, Mens,	1 50
Ladies' GAITERS,	1 00
" FINE GOAT,	$1 75 to 2 00

Childrens, very low.

HATS AND CAPS.
Linen Blankets, $2 75

WHIPS, HALTERS, &c. &c.

IN THE NOTION DEPARTMENT MAY BE FOUND A FULL ASSORTMENT.

Ladies Gloves and Hosiery.
BAL and HOOP SKIRTS,
White Goods, A Splendid Line,
MULLS, NAINSOOKS, CAMBRICKS,
PLAID MUSLINS, BRILIANTS,
Victoria Lawns, Bird-eye Linen,
Table Covers, Fine Damask.

In all, a well assorted stock of Goods, carefully selected. Bought for cash, and will be sold very low for cash. Give us a call, and save ten per cent.

CHARLES T. STRATTON.
July 18—tf Odessa, Del.

NAUDAIN & BROTHER
OF THE WELL KNOWN
CHEAP CORNER

OFFER to the public a most desirable stock of Dry Goods, which they purchased before the advance, and will sell at a small profit, Wamsutta, Williamsville, and all leading makes of bleached and brown Muslins, 5-4, 9-4 and 10-4 Sheetings, and a fine Stock of Prints fast colors at 12½ cents. An attractive line of

Dress Goods,

Consisting of Alpacas, Poplins, Mohairs and Wool De Lains, and a nice stock of

WHITE GOODS.

We have a fine stock of Spring
CLOTHS, COATINGS,
and fancy CASSIMERES,
which we make a specialty.

Boots & Shoes, Selling Low,

Just receiving sewed and pegged BOOTS AND SHOES. Ladies and Misses Button and Congress Gaiters, from the manufacturers, all to be sold at small advance.

CARPETS, STRAW MATTINGS AND COCOA MATS.

A full line WALL PAPER, at city prices.

Mackerel, Herring and Shad, always on hand.

☞ ALL WE ASK IS A CALL, AND SHOW GOODS WITH GREAT PLEASURE.☜

NAUDAIN & BRO.
April 18—1y Middletown.

DRUGS & MEDICINES.
G. G. Chamberlaine,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.,

DEALER in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals and Patent Medicines. Fancy and Toilet Articles, Sponges, Brushes, Perfumery and Soaps.

Pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal use.

Lamps, Lamp Fixtures, Shades, Wicks, Cleaners, &c. The latest improvements in Burners and Chimneys.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded and orders answered with care and despatch. Physicians and Farmers will find our stock of Medicines complete, warranted genuine and of the best quality.

Cigars and Tobacco of the best Baltimore manufacture.

Store—Maine Street, opposite Davis' Hotel.
January 18—1y

Middletown Furniture Warerooms.
JOSEPH H. ENOS

KEEPS constantly on hand an assortment of FURNITURE suitable to the market, consisting of

COTTAGE SUITS,
BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, WASHSTANDS,
Parlor and Dining Room Furniture, &c.
ALSO
FURNISHING UNDERTAKER.

COFFINS of all kinds and styles; Metallic Caskets; Patent Burial Cases to order. Jan. 4—tf

Dr. J. E. REGISTER,
DENTIST,
ELKTON, MD.

OFFICE on North street, two doors above the Odd Fellows' Hall.
February 8, 1868—tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS, a cheap and convenient Wrapping Paper, for sale at this office.

Delaware Rail Road Line.
Summer Arrangement.

ON and after MONDAY, June 8th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows, until further notice:

Train leaving Crisfield 2.45 A. M. will run every morning, except Monday. All other Trains Sundays excepted.

NORTH.

Leave Crisfield,	2 45 A. M.		7 30 A. M.
" Marion,			8 00
" Kingston,			8 20
" Westover,			8 45
" Prin. Anne,	3 30		9 20
" Eden			9 45
" Forktown			10 05
" Salisbury	4 05		10 30
" Delmar			10 45
" Laurel	4 30		11 05
" Seaford	4 45		11 30
" Bridgeville	5 00		11 50
" Greenwood			12 00 M.
" Farmington			12 15 P. M.
" Harrington	5 30	7 00 A. M.	12 35
" Felton		7 15	12 50
" Plymouth		7 20	1 00
" Canterbury		7 20	1 00
" Wil. Grove		7 25	1 05
" Camden		7 35	1 15
" Dover	6 05	7 50	1 30
" Moorton		8 05	1 45
" Brenford		8 10	1 55
" Smyrna		8 05	1 50
" Clayton	6 30	8 20	2 05
" Sassafras R'd		8 25	2 10
" Blackbird		8 35	2 20
" Townsend		8 40	2 30
" Middleto'n	7 05	9 00	2 45
" Mt Pleasant		9 10	2 55
" St Georges		9 25	3 10
" Bear		9 35	3 25
" New Castle	7 45	9 55	3 45
Arrive Wilm.	8 03 A. M.	10 15	4 05
" Philad'a	9 30 "	11 45 A. M.	5 40 P.M.
" Baltimore	1 15 P. M	1 15 P. M.	8 00 "

SOUTH.

Leave Philad'a		11 00 P. M.	8 30 A. M. 5 00 P. M.
" Baltimore	9 00	7 25	2 15
" Wilm	12 25 A. M.	10 10	6 25
" New Castle	12 45	10 30	6 45
" Bear		10 50	7 00
" St Georges		11 00	7 15
" Mt Pleasant		11 15	7 30
" Middleto'n	1 35	11 35	7 50
" Townsend		11 45	8 00
" Blackbird		11 50	8 05
" Sassafras		12 00 M.	8 15
" Clayton	2 05	12 05 P. M.	8 20
Arrive Smyrna		12 15	8 30
Leave Brenford		12 10	8 25
" Moorton		12 20	8 35
" Dover	2 30	12 40	8 55
" Camden		12 50	9 05
" Wil. Grove		1 05	9 15
" Canterbury		1 10	9 20
" Plymouth		1 10	9 20
" Felton		1 20	9 30
" Harrington	3 20	1 40	9 45 P. M.
" Farmington		1 55	
" Greenwood		2 05	
" Bridgeville	3 50	2 15	
" Seaford	4 10	2 35	
" Laurel	4 30	2 55	
" Delmar		3 10	
" Salisbury	5 05	3 40	
" Forktown		4 00	
" Eden		4 15	
" Prin. Anne	5 40	4 50	
" Westover	5 50	5 10	
" Kingston		5 30	
" Marion		5 45	
Arrive Crisfield		6 25 P. M.	6 05 P. M.

NEW CASTLE TRAINS.—Leave New Castle for Wilmington and Philadelphia at 12 05 P. M.—and on Mondays at 7 45 A. M, Leave Philadelphia 12 00 M. and Wilmington 1 15 P. M. for New Castle.

SMYRNA BRANCH TRAINS.—Additional to those above leave Smyrna for Clayton 11 45 A. M. and 8 10 P. M. Leave Clayton for Smyrna, 8 40 A. M. and 2.10 P. M. to make connection with trains to and from Dover, and Stations South. Also, train will leave Smyrna at 6. 15 A. M. Sundays and Mondays excepted, to connect with express, and return leaving Clayton at 6 45 A. M.

Trains leaving Crisfield at 2 45 A. M., and Wilmington going South at 12 25 A. M. will run in close connection with Steamboats to Norfolk and Portsmouth and Express Trains to and from Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. They will stop on the Delaware Railroad Line only at principal stations at which their time is stated. Except that Steamboat Train South will let off passengers from Baltimore at any station to which they have tickets,

E. Q. SEWALL,
April 18. Superintendent Delaware R. R.

CHEAP DRY GOODS.
Andrew E. Crow & Co.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Middletown and surrounding country that they have commenced the Dry Goods Business at

207 Market St. Wilmington, Del.

where they intend to keep a large and well selected stock of FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, such as

Merinoes, Poplins, Alpacas & Coburgs,

BOTH BLACK AND COLORED.

We would call special attention to our stock of

Table and Shirting Linens,
BLEACHED AND
UNBLEACHED MUSLINS,
CALICOES AND DOMESTICS.
A FULL LINE OF CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
☞ FOR MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.☜

Please call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing.

QUICK SALES & SMALL PROFITS.

DO NOT FORGET THE NUMBER,

207 MARKET STREET, Wilmington, Del.

ANDREW E. CROW & CO.

January 25—1y

DR. MUSGROVE,
DENTIST,
ELKTON, MARYLAND,

OFFICE—Opposite the Presbyterian Church. Teeth Extracted without Pain by the use of NITROUS OXIDE GAS; or by the latest improvement —the SPRAY PRODUCER, formed by Rigoline or Ether.

This Narcotic Spray is used where sensitive teeth are to be excavated preparatory to filling. Also, for PAINLESS removal of the Dental Pulp, and for minor surgical operations.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted, from one to a full set.

Persons from a distance desiring protracted operations will please notify by mail, or otherwise, thereby saving disappointment and loss of time.

Tooth Powder and Mouth Wash kept constantly on hand; also, Dr. J. D. White's Dentine.

THOMAS H. MUSGROVE, D. D. S.
Elkton, Md., January 18, 1868—1y

James H. Frazer, M. D.
GLASGOW, DEL.

OFFERS his professional services to the public. Office at the residence of R. M. Black Esq.
Jan. 4—y.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned, having rented the large and convenient room formerly occupied by Mr. T. E. Jump, at Warwick, has just opened a large and complete assortment of all kinds of

GOODS,

necessary to be kept in a first class store. Having come among you for the purpose of making an honest living, he hopes by close attention to business to receive a share of the public patronage, pledging himself to make it to your interest to give him a call, intending to sell any and all goods as low as they can be bought in any town on the shore; call in and examine, and if it is not so, you are not compelled to buy. No charge for showing goods.

Look at Some of the Prices,

Calicoes, 8, 10, 12 and 16 cents per yard.
Bleached and Brown Muslins, 10, 12, 15, 18, and 23 cents per yard.
Good and all wool Cassimeres, 65, 75, and $1.00 per yard. Fine Black Cloths and Cassimeres from $1,25 to $5,00.

A Fine Stock of Ready Made Clothing

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

GROCERIES.

Brown Sugar, 12½, 16 and 17 cents, White, 17, and 18 cents per lb. Green Coffee, 25 and 30 cents pr. lb. Burnt Coffee. 30 cents per lb.

Good Molasses, 55, cts per gal. Best Syrup, $1.00 per gallon.

Pure Cider Vinegar, 40 cts. per gal. Coal Oil, the very best, 50 cts. per gallon.

QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
TINWARE, WOODEN
and WILLOW-WARE.

NOTIONS.

Hosiery, Gloves, Fancy Soaps, Perfumery, Laces, Edgings and Trimmings.

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS and CAPS, a full line, at low prices.

Oil Cloths, Table Covers, Straw Mattings and Carpetings.

Collars, Bridles, Halters, Rope and Chain Traces, Shovels, Spades, Rakes and Hoes.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market prices.

WOOL WANTED.

The highest market price given for Wool.

Call in and examine, and if there is anything you want and don't see it, call for it and we will have it.

P. S. ☞ Remember no trouble to show goods. Repectfully;
May 30-1y A. W. SPARKS.

SCOWDRICK & MOORE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRY GOODS AND GROCERY DEALERS.

RESPECTFULLY announce to their friends and the public generally, that they have just received and are constantly receiving direct from the importers and Jobbers a large and splendid stock of Spring and Summer Goods of the latest Styles and Patterns, consisting in part of

Fine French Cloths,
French and Doeskin Cassimers,
Ladies' Fine Cloaking Cloths.

DRESS GOODS,
OF EVERY VARIETY SUCH A
MOHAIR'S, POPLINS, ALPACAS &C.
OF ALL COLORS.
BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED MUSLINS
of the best standard make.

A LARGE STOCK OF
WHITE GOODS AND TRIMNINGS,
Hosiery, Gloves, Notions, &c.
HATS AND CAPS.
Groceries, Hardware, Queensware &.

infact everything usually kept in a first class Country Store, and at the very lowest prices the market can afford.

We have also bought of Mr. D. Mckee, his entire stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES.
OF HIS OWN MANUFACTURE,

which in connection with our General Stock will be offered at greatly reduced prices.

Thankful for your heretofore bounteous patronage, we hope by strict attention to business to share a continuance of the same.

On account of the Credit System being so thoroughly reduced among the Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers, our TERMS will be hereafter 6 months credit, or 5 per cent off for cash.

SCOWDRICK & MOORE.
May 2-y Middletown, Del.

COAL OIL.
COAL OIL.

THE ☞ SAFEST, ☜ ☞ Best, ☜ and ☞ CHEAPEST OIL, ☜ for Illuminating surposes in the market.

WE GUARANTEE IT
TO BE
☞ ALL THAT IS REPRESENTED, ☜
AND
At Less Cost to Dealers,
☞ *THAN CAN BE PURCHASED* ☜
In this or the Philadelphia Market.

GIVE US A CALL.

Thompson & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in COAL OIL, *LARD SPERM WHALE OILS,*

S. W. Corner of 2d and Market Streets
WILMINGTON, Del.

The Persian Healing Soap, will positively remove Pimples on the Face. Cure Tetter, Salt Rheum, and all diseases of the scalp and Skin. Price 25 cents. Try it.

Ladies if you want a fair Skin and beautiful complexion, use the Persian Healing or Pine Tar Soap. It is guaranteed to do what is claimed for it. Price 25 cents per cake.

For the bath and toilet nothing is better than the Persian Healing Soap. Price 25 cents.

G. B. THOMPSON,
Sole Agent for the State.

Sold by Druggists and Grocers.
August 22—tf.

FRANCIS TARONI

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has recently located on the north-east corner of Broad and Lake streets, Middletown, and is prepared to do all kinds of

House and Sign Painting,

Graining, China Glossing, Calcemining, Paper Hanging, &c.

All work done with neatness and despatch.

He invites the public to give him a call, as he flatters himself that he will be able give satisfaction to all who favor him with their custom.

All orders will be thankfully received and promptly attended to.
January 11—6m

GRANVILLE WORRELL,
220 AND 222 MARKET STREET,
Wilmington, Del.

AMERICAN, ENGLISH, GERMAN AND FRENCH
DRY GOODS,
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN
CARPETS and Oil Cloths.
CHINA AND CALCUTTA
MATTINGS, MATS, RUGS, &c. &c.

WE are prepared to fill orders for Churches, Hotels, Private Dwellings and Public Building, furnishing them complete, including Sheets, Blankets, Counterpanes, Towels, Curtains, Cornices, Stair Rods, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Damasks, &c. Orders will be taken and estimates furnished of the whole cost, with articles furnished or otherwise, as parties commencing housekeeping may prefer.

We cannot enumerate even leading departments, owing to the extent of our business, but have a full assortment of various lines in

DRESS FABRICS,
MOURNINGS,
WHITE GOODS,
FURNISHING GOODS,
HOSIERY,
FLANNELS, &c. &c. &c.

Our long experience, combined with our intimate and extensive acquaintance with the largest and best Importing and Domestic Houses of this country give us, we believe, advantages shared by no other house to the same extent in Delaware, and we wish distinctly to state that we are prepared to sell *always as low or lower than Philadelphia Merchants.*

THE MOTTO OF THE HOUSE
CHEAP, PROMPT AND RELIABLE.
March 7, 1068—1y

MIDDLETOWN STOVE HOUSE.
S. W. ROBERTS,

TAKES pleasure in announcing to his friends of Middletown and surrounding country, that the liberal patronge he has received has induced him to offer to the public the greatest variety, and best selected stock of Stoves, both Cooking and Heating, ever offered in Middletown, and at prices that cannot fail to please. Among the assortment are the following

COOK STOVES.

NIAGARA, NOBLE COOK, MONITOR
CORAL COOK, WM. PENN, LEHIGH,
and others made in the city.

PARLOR STOVES.

BRILLIANT, DEW DROP,
GAS BURNING BASE, UNION AIR TIGHT,
GEM, OUR PARLOR.
Also, SEXTON'S PARLOR HEATERS.

Stoves of all kinds suitable for Stores, Offices, Bar-rooms, and School Houses.

Also, the Morning Glory and the Oriental, both unsurpassed in beauty and efficiency. They can be seen in operation at the store of the proprietor.

All sizes of Bar-room Stoves and Ten-plate Stoves repaired at short notice.

Old Stoves taken in exchange.

☞ TIN WARE at wholesale and retail. ☜

As I have practical workmen employed, I think I can give satisfaction to all who favor me with their work. Particular attention paid to Roofing and Spouting.

S. W. ROBERTS.
Middletown, January 4, 1868—1y

Marble Hall, the Great Popular Clothing House.

BOYS' JACKETS, COATS and PANTS, Men's Fine Cloth Coats, Men's Sack Coats, Men's English Walking Coats, Men's French Sack Coats, Men's Black Pants, Men's Fancy Pants. We have

THE BEST AND FINEST STOCK OF
Men's & Boy's Clothing in the City
together with a superior stock of
Piece Goods for Custom Work,
at less than gold rates.

Persons visiting the city, who may be in want of anything in the Clothing line, should not fail to visit

SMITH, BRO'S. & CO.,
☞ *Marble Hall Clothing House,*
40 West Baltimore Street.
BALTIMORE, MD.
Jan 4—1y

BLACKSMITHING AND Wheelwrighting.

THE undersigned have commenced the above business in Middletown, corner of Main and Anderson streets, and solicit a share of the public patronage. They flatter themselves that their work cannot be surpassed. The Blacksmithing will be conducted by John C. Vandenbraak, and the Wheelrighting department by J. Leauby.

Wagon, Plow and all kinds of country work and Coach Smithing, done to order.

☞ Repairing neatly and promptly attended to. Special attention given to the repairing.

All work warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

JOHN C. VANDENBRAAK,
LEAUBY & LEE.
April 11th, 1868—tf,

DR. J. J. VANDERFORD,
Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of DENTAL SURGERY,

HAVING located in Middletown, Del., respectfully announces to the public that he is prepared to perform all operations pertaining to the practice of

DENTISTRY.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH Mounted on Dental Vulcanite, a material superior to metals in its adaptability and durability.

Persons having badly adjusted gold plates can have them exchanged for the Vulcanite.

Great care will be given to Children's Teeth; irregularties corrected, and deciduous teeth preserved until the permanent ones make their appearance.

☞ A superior Dentifrice constantly on hand. Office seven doors east of the Bank.
January 4, 1868—1y

ATTEND TO YOUR TEETH.

FEW persons are properly impressed with the importance of giving early attention to decaying teeth. The health is often affected by them, to say nothing of the inconvenience and suffering, which they produce. It is important to have all caries promptly arrested. If treated in time most teeth may be preserved.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain,

by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, a harmless and pleasant anesthetic.

J. J. VANDERFORD, D. D. S.
May 9-tf Middletown, Del.

LUMBER. LUMBER.

THE subscribers offer to the citizens of Middletown and surrounding country their thanks for the very liberal patronage they have received, and embrace this medium in announcing to all builders and contractors and those in want o Lumber, that they are prepared to supply them on the most liberal terms. We have reduced our price, as the market has demanded, and we think that they will compare with the city prices. Our stock is very large, embracing a full assortment of

SPRUCE,
HEMLOCK,
AND OAK FRAMING STUFF,
ALL SIZES.
WHITE PINE BOARDS,
HEMLOCK "
OAK PLANK,
WHITE PINE DO.
WHITE PINE SIDING.
YELLOW PINE FLOORING,
HEMLOCK "
PLASTERING LATHES,
SPRUCE AND CYPRESS SHINGLES,
PLAIN AND FANCY PICKETING.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.
Building Hardware,
☞ NAILS AND SPECIALITIES. ☜
BRICKS,
CALCINE PLASTER, LIME & HAIR.
HEWES' PHOSPHATE.
PAINTS, OIL, TURPENTINE,
VARNISH, DRY JAPAN, GLASS.

J. B. FENIMORE & CO.,
On the Railroad, above the National Hotel.
January 25—tf

JOB PRINTING.

Having received a large supply of new and beautiful type, we are prepared to do Job Work of every description, from the finest and most delicate card, to the largest and most showy poster.

ORDERS FOR
CARDS, CIRCULARS,
BLANKS,
DEEDS, MORTGAGES,
FUNERAL NOTICES,
PROGRAMMES, BALL TICKETS,
BANK CHECKS,
PROMISSORY NOTES, BILL-HEADS,
ENVELOPES,
PAMPHLETS, HANDBILLS,
POSTERS,
HORSE BILLS, &c. &c.

will be promptly attended to, at moderate rates,

☞ Printing done in GOLD, BRONZE, and all kinds of FANCY COLORS.

SEND YOUR ORDERS TO
The Transcript Office,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
Jan 25—tf

LEND ME YOUR COUNTENANCE.

IF you want a good likeness of yourself or family call at

J. M. HORNING'S
ONE DOOR WEST OF ROBERT'S STOVE AND TIN HOUSE.
Middletown, Del.,

where you will get pictures from the beautiful little Pearl Ferrotype to the life-size Photograph.

All who wish a correct likeness of themselves or friends should embrace this opportunity and call at once.

Particular attention paid to copying daguerreotypes or ambrotypes of deceased persons into card or large size Photographs.

A proff will be shown before the pictures are finished.

A good assortment of Rustic and other Frames on hand.

It will afford us pleasure to have you call and examine specimens.

January 4—tf J. M. HORNING.

GOLD MEDAL PIANOS
AND PARLOR ORGANS.

STIEF'S PIANOS,—THE BEST NOW MADE,

GOLD MEDAL for the best Pianos manufactured has been awarded for the year 1867, to CHARLES M. STIEFF, examined and pronounced by the best Professors in Baltimore to be the BEST PIANOS, and were in competition with Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York Pianos.

Stieff's Pianos contain improvements that are not to be in other instruments, and are all made at his extensive Factory and out of the best seasoned material, and warranted for five years.

Call and examine for yourselves. They are sold at lower prices than any other house.

SECOND HAND PIANOS from $50 to $300.

Also, PARLOR ORGANS for sale cheap at

STIEFF'S,
No. 7 North Liberty Street,
January 4, 1868. Baltimore.

TURBINE WATER WHEEL,

DR. T. J. KINDLEBERGER'S latest improved patent.

Double Centre-Vent Buckeye
TURBINE
WATER WHEEL,

Patented November 4th, 1862, and July 11th, 1865. WM. H. SPRATT, Millwright,
Cherry Hill, Cecil county, Md.
April 11, 1868—1y GENERAL AGENT.

First Class Boarding House.
NO. 76 SHARP STREET,
BALTIMORE.
Located one square from the B. and O. R. R. Depot; and three squares from the Eastern Shore Steamboat Wharf.

MRS. GUSTAVUS WRIGHT, late of Chestertown, Kent county, Maryland, informs her friends and the public generally that she will accommodate, on reasonable terms, Transient, Permanent and Table boarders. Jan. 4.—y